

PERSONAL NOTES

Arrivals and Departures of Residents
and Visitors

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

The Column Everybody Reads—Chat
About Your Friends and Neigh-
bors—Here and There.

Mr. Wm. Snell spent several days
this week at Cleveland, O.

E. C. King of Everett, Rt. 3, was
a Bedford visitor Tuesday.

George Fox of Defiance was a busi-
ness visitor to Bedford Tuesday.

Clarence Bailey of Pittsburgh, visit-
ed his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward
Bailey Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Laura Heiple of Latrobe is
spending a weeks vacation with her
parents at this place.

Mrs. Maurice Irvine of Llyswny is
spending this week at the home of
W. B. Mock and family.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Seaforn of Pitts-
burg, spent Sunday with Mrs. Walter
M. Bowers and family.

Mrs. F. B. Kline and daughter,
Dorothy, are visiting relatives in
Philadelphia.

Mr. Edward Studebaker of South
Bend, Ind., is visiting at the home of
Mrs. A. C. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Hall Davis of New
Paris spent Wednesday with relatives
in Bedford.

Glenn Shoemaker, son of Mr. and
Mrs. Wm. Shoemaker left last Sat-
urday for Baltimore where he will
teach the coming winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Dorsey Blackburn
and family motored to Clearfield Co.
Saturday and returned home Sunday
evening.

Frank Lessig left this week for
Brownsville, Texas, after spending a
month's furlough with his mother,
Mrs. A. C. Lessig.

Mrs. J. A. Henning and daughter,
Miss Dorothy Henning of Wilkins-
burg, are visiting relatives in Bed-
ford this week.

Mr. Harry Fetter and family form-
erly of Pottstown, Pa., left Monday
for Des Moines, Iowa, where they
will make their future home.

Mrs. H. H. Henning and son, Harry
Jr., of Wilksburg, are visiting at
the home of Mrs. Wm. Snell on E.
Penn St.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Barth and
baby of Reading visited the former's
grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. James
Crouse last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Morse Nye and son,
Bobbie and daughter, Janet of Mon-
nesson, are visiting at the home of
W. B. Mock.

Mrs. Simon H. Sell and daughter,
Leone, left on Wednesday morning
for Washington, D. C., where Miss
Sell will enter the "National School
of Domestic Art and Science."

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Horton and
son left Saturday for their home at
Huntingdon after a visit of five weeks
with the latter's mother, Mrs. M. P.
Heckerman.

Mr. Frank W. Ott of Scottsdale,
visited his brother, George C. Ott of
near Fishertown Saturday. His sister,
Lila J. Ridenour of New Paris re-
turned with him on Sunday. They
made the trip by auto.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. O. Hoover and
children Betty and Billie, and Mrs.
J. M. Troxell, all of Clearfield, Pa.,
and members of Rev. Allenbach's
former charge there, were guests at
the Lutheran parsonage last week.

Rev. F. R. Wagner, D.D., of Hunt-
ingdon, Pa., President of the Alle-
gheny Synod of the Evangelical Luth-
eran Church, spent Monday and
Tuesday in Bedford in consultation
with the Secretary of the Synodical
body, Rev. C. R. Allenbach, pastor of
the local Lutheran Church.

Deeds Recorded

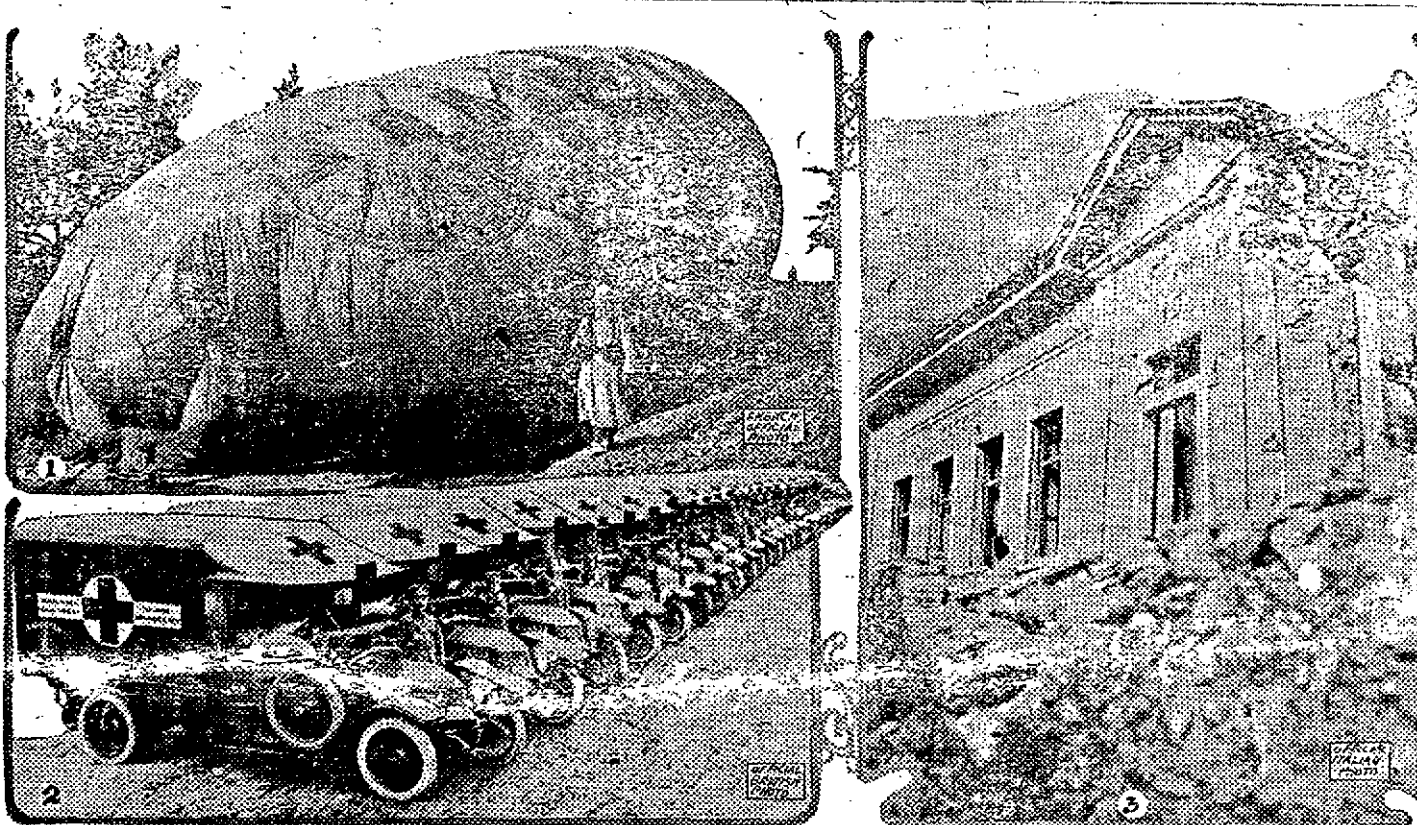
G. D. Lloyd et ux to M. V. Brant
tract in Harrison Township, \$430.
Susan Thomas et al to Lillian G.
Stephens tract in Broad Top Twp.,
\$700.

M. L. McKnight et ux to J. F.
Crooks tract in Broad Top Twp., \$18.
J. F. Crooks et ux to J. Cal Foster
tract in Broad Top Twp., \$25.00.
Daniel Wertz et ux to William
Wertz lot in Pavia, \$500.

Alvin L. Little et ux to Robert L.
Worsing two tracts in Liberty Twp.
Robert L. Worsing to Phila Vitri-
fied Brick Co., two tracts in Liberty
Twp.

George H. Lehman et ux to John
C. Lyon lot in Mann's Choice Boro.,
\$250.00.

Sewell W. Rouzer et ux to Wm. E.
Reiley lot in Bedford Boro., \$1975.



1—A partly inflated French observation balloon and its guard, "somewhere on the Somme." 2—Long line of Calcutta ambulance cars presented to Great Britain on the western front by India. 3—An Italian school at St. Mar.

35 TAKEN IN I. W. W. RAID

Bill Haywood and His Aids
Arrested in Chicago

166 NAMED IN INDICTMENTS

Grand Jury Returns Blanket Indict-
ment Charging Nation-wide Conspir-
acy to Hamper Government.

Formal return of a blanket indict-
ment charging a nation-wide conspir-
acy to hamper the government dur-
ing the war was made in the United
States district court in Chicago,
against 166 leaders of the Industrial
Workers of the World.

Arrests speedily followed the re-
turn. Almost before the court pro-
ceedings had reached the state of the
discharge of the jury deputy marshals
were on their way to the local I. W. W.
headquarters in automobiles, donated
and driven by women, and quickly re-
turned to the federal building bringing
prisoners with them.

In the first hour 35 men were thus
hauled into the marshal's office and
later were questioned by investigators
for the department of justice. Among
the first to be taken in custody was
William D. Haywood, secretary of the
national organization of the I. W. W.,
who was questioned Sept. 5, when the
headquarters of the I. W. W. in vari-
ous cities were raided by the govern-
ment.

An explanatory statement issued by
the government attorneys who have
directed the investigation of the sedi-
tious conspiracy, the crime of which
the men named in the indictments are
accused, said:

"The prosecutions are under sec-
tions 6, 19 and 37 of the criminal code
and under the espionage act. Only
leaders in conspiracies or those per-
sonally culpable in connection with
the preparation of crimes against the
United States are included as de-
fendants.

"The astounding feature which
stands out at the conclusion of the in-
vestigation and which is well calcu-
lated to make patriotic persons shud-
der with alarm is found in the dis-
closure of the number of men enjoy-
ing the protection of the government
who are so far unmindful of social du-
ties and obligations as to openly ad-
vocate the most vicious forms of sabo-
tage, particularly in industries en-
gaged in furnishing war munitions."

To permit the sure arrest of the in-
dicted men no hint of their names was
permitted to escape during the court
proceedings, which occupied only a
few minutes and consisted of a state-
ment from the foreman of the federal
grand jury that its labors had been
completed, the handing of a bulky
sheaf of indictments to the clerk of
the court and a few brief words from
Judge Evans thanking the jurors for
their sacrifice of time and effort and
assuring them that they had done their
duty as citizens, a duty which the
court said was "quite as important as
any obligation which rests on a citi-
zen."

Horn—Corley.

Mr. Warren Cleveland Horn and
Miss Henrietta Corley, of near Mann's
Choice, were united in marriage at
St. John's Reformed parsonage, on
last Saturday, September 29th, by
Rev. J. Albert Eyer.

Organization of the Liberty Loan Committee of Bedford County, of the 3rd Federal Reserve District.

A. B. Egolf has been appointed
chairman for the committee for Bed-
ford Co. by C. J. Rhoads, Governor
of the Federal Reserve Bank of Phil-
adelphia.

Mr. Egolf has been working and
has completed his organization by
appointing the following committee
Chairman.

Banks—Geo. W. Derrick of The
Everett Bank, Everett, Pa.

Women's Council of National Defense
Mrs. Joseph Galbraith, Bedford.

Public Utilities—
Wm. Brice, Jr., Bedford.

Religious Committee—
Rev. John T. Bell, Bedford.

Fraternal Organizations—
M. H. Kramer, Hyndman.

Educational—
Prof. Lloyd H. Hinkle, Bedford.

Postmasters—
Dr. Americus Enfield, Bedford.

Industrial Committee—
Geo. H. Gibboney, Everett.

Publicity—
B. F. Madore, Esq., Bedford.

Speakers—
Wm. F. Barclay, Bedford
Wholesale and Retail Stores—
A. H. Whetstone, Everett.

Farmers—
A. C. Richards, Schellburg.

Vice Chairmen—
Capt. A. I. Lyon, Bedford.

John Zeth, Hopewell.

J. A. Eichelberger, Saxton.

Edgar R. Smith, Hopewell.

Daniel Bossler, New Enterprise.

Thos. P. Beckley, Alum Bank.

E. W. Light, Hyndman.

R. L. Williams, Schellburg.

C. W. Deremer, Cumb. Valley.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. MADORE.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Madore of Hynd-
man died at her home there on Tues-
day evening after a two days illness.
She was the widow of J. W. Madore,
who died in 1904. Her death after
such a short illness was a sudden
shock to the community in which she
had spent all her life. She was a
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Wil-
helm, who were amongst the early
settlers on Willis Creek in London-
derry Twp., and was born on March
4, 1839. In 1867, she was married
and shortly after moved to what
was then the village of New Bridge-
port, now the town of Hyndman.
Early in life she joined the Methodist
Episcopal church and has always
been a consistent christian church
worker though of reserved disposi-
tion.

Mrs. Madore was the mother of
five children all of whom are living.
John W. Madore of Uniontown, B. F.
Madore, Esq., of Bedford, Mrs. Oscar
D. Blair, Miss Laura B. Madore and
Walter S. Madore of Hyndman. Sis-
ters also are surviving, Mrs. Martha
Cook and Mrs. Sarah Buchanan of
Hyndman.

Funeral services were held at the
late home on Thursday afternoon
and were conducted by Rev. E. S.
Gallagher, pastor of the Hyndman M.
E. Church.

Dunning's Creek Reformed Charge

J. H. Dorman, Pastor
Sunday, October 7th, St. Paul's,
Cessna. Sunday School 9 a. m., holy
communion 10 a. m.
Preparatory service Saturday, 10
a. m. St. Luke's, Fishertown.
Sunday school 1 p. m., preaching
2 p. m.

MICHAELIS WON'T STATE WAR AIMS

Chancellor Pledges German
Struggle Until Victory

WILSON'S NOTE CRITICISED

President's Reply to Vatican Has Only
Served to Bind German People To-
gether More Closely, He Declares.

Dr. Michaelis, the German imperial
chancellor, in a speech to the main
committee of the reichstag, said that
Pope Benedict's peace proposals were
inspired by moral seriousness, pure
justice and neutrality, which things
were lacking in the reply made by
President Wilson to the pope.

Justifying Germany's refusal to state
her war aims, Dr. Michaelis said such
action would only have a confusing
effect and would injure German inter-
ests. The chancellor said the an-
nounced American military exertions
were awaited by Germany with calm
confidence.

Were Germany to state her war
aims, the chancellor asserted, it
would prejudice the complex ques-
tions to be discussed at the time of
peace negotiations.

The chancellor strongly attacked
President Wilson's reply to the pope
which, he asserted, merely bound the
German people together more firmly.
Dr. Michaelis dwelt upon the "satis-
factory state of our relations with the
neutrals," which could not be dis-
turbed, he said, even by the unpre-
cedented exertions of the hostile
press.

Germany has agreed to evacuate
Belgium on certain conditions, it is
declared in a German official state-
ment, according to a Berne dispatch.

Germany, it is stipulated, must have
the right to develop her economic en-
terprises freely in Belgium, especial-
ly in Antwerp.

The proposal was made in a supple-
mentary note to the vatican, reply-
ing to the peace initiative of Pope
Benedict. It was in the form of a ver-
bal communication made by Foreign
Secretary Kuehlmann to the papal
nuncio at Munich, wherein the for-
eign secretary specified the conditions
under which Germany was willing to
conclude peace on the basis of the
evacuation of Belgium.

The verbal note to the papal nun-
cio said Germany would contribute
a share of the compensation to be
paid to Belgium for war damages.

Belgium would be required, it is
said, to give guarantee that any such
menace as that which threatened Ger-
many in 1914 would in future be ex-
cluded.

Card of Thanks

The children of Mrs. William F.
Cromwell desire to thank all their
friends for the many acts of kindness
shown them in their recent great
bereavement.

Marriage Licenses.

Jacob Glenn Weyant and Clara
Viola Ritter, both of Detroit, Mich.
Ralph A. Fair of Harrison Twp.,
and Edna Mae Mowry of Juniata Twp.
Warren Cleveland Horn of Harri-
son Twp., and Henrietta Corley of
Juniata Twp.
Wilbert Dean Chrisner of Ligonier,
Pa., and Irene Denny of Johnstown.

EMERGENCY AID AND NAVY LEAGUE NOTES

The following were shipped to the
"Surgical Dressings" committee by
the Bedford County Branch of the
Emergency Aid.

Mrs. Wilmont Ayres, Chairman Sur-
gical Dressing Committee.
90 Muslin Bandages.
180 Flannel Bandages.
30 "T" Binders.
80 Flannel Binders.
40 Body Binders.
300 Tampons.

Compresses
1200 Gauge, 8 cm.
80 Gauge, 15 cm.
640 Gauge, 12 cm.

Fracture Pillows.
10 Leg.
30 Arm.

Absorbent Pads
155 Cotton, 6x6.
60 Cotton, 7x11.
5 Cotton, 12x18.
120 Oakum, 7x11.
30 Slings.

Drains
70 1/2 M.
20—1 M.

Pillows
69 Pillows.

138 Pillow Cases.
6 Shoulder Wraps.

Total of the above, 3353.

Shipped to the "American Ambu-
lance" Com. by the Bedford County
Branch of the Emergency Aid.

168 Towels.
80 Napkins.

108 Handkerchiefs.
48 Wash Cloths.

12 Sheets.
36 Covers for glasses.

Total 452.
Mann's Choice contributed \$1.00
towards outfit for drafted men.

Osterburg
26 Packages Gauge Compresses, 6

Slings, 15 "T" Binders, 222 Body
Binders, 25 Pillows, 30 Pillow Cases,

3 dozen Napkins, 3 dozen Handker-
chiefs, 3 dozen Covers for glasses.

New Paris.
46 Jars of Jelly, 24 Pillows, 37 Pil-
low Cases, Old sheets and muslin.

Wolfsburg.
50 Package Gauge Compresses, 16

Body Binders, 2 "T" Binders.

New Enterprise.
11 Pillows, 22 Pillow Cases, 3 Bed

Spreads, Old Clothing and muslin.

Rainsburg.
10 Pillows, 20 Pillow Cases.

Made at Mrs. Prosser's.
36 Pillows, 72 Pillow Cases, 6

Shoulder Wraps, 12 Sheets, 8 1/2 doz.
Towels, 3 draw sheets, 3 dozen Hand-

kerchiefs, 3 dozen Wash Cloths.

September 29, 1917.

Bedford Branch of Emergency Aid,
Dear Friends:

Many thanks for your generous
donations of filled bags for the sol-
dier's Xmas. They will be sent at
once and I am sure cheer them on
Christmas Day.

Very truly,

Mrs. S. Bell,
Chairman of the Xmas Box Com.
1428 Walnut St. Philadelphia.

To the Members of the Emergency Aid of Pennsylvania.

We are pleased to report that a
plan of co-operation has been ar-
ranged with the American Red Cross re-
specting the future work of the Em-
ergency Aid.

It is understood that the Em-
ergency Aid will maintain its independ-
ent status and continue to collect
funds and secure supplies as hereto-
fore. The Emergency Aid will en-
deavor to get in touch with the pro-
per representatives of the American
Red Cross in order to ascertain the
particular kind of supplies most
needed abroad. The Emergency Aid
will give preference to procuring and
manufacturing such supplies. In the
case of supplies intended for delivery
to and distribution by the American
Red Cross the Emergency Aid will
manufacture in accordance with Red
Cross patterns and specifications.

Such supplies as the Emergency
Aid desires the Red Cross to forward
are to be sent to the Receiving De-
partment of the Red Cross in New
York, Fifty-sixth Street and North
River.

The Red Cross will use its best en-
deavors to transport abroad such
standardized supplies, so far as it
may be found practicable to do under
the limitations of shipping space im-
partially and in the same manner as
it transports like supplies received
from Red Cross Chapters. The Red
Cross, furthermore, will turn over
to the Emergency Aid from its gen-
eral store in Paris such supplies as
the French representatives of the
American Red Cross shall determine.

We have assurance from the Amer-

MENTIONED IN BRIEF

Town Talk and Neighborhood Notes
Tersely Told

MANY ITEMS OF INTEREST

Gleaned From Various Sources—
Little Points Picked Up By
Vigilant Reporters.

Mrs. M. P. Heckerman has moved
from her Colonial home on E. John
St. to suite No. 1 in the Heckerman
building.

A very pleasant surprise party was
held at the home of Mr. Grover
Ickes of Bedford, Rt. 5, on Saturday,
evening, Sept. 15th. The evening
was spent in playing games, after
which a dainty luncheon was served.

The Bedford County Lutheran Sun-
day School Association will hold their
Thirty-Sixth Annual Convention in
Messiah Lutheran Church of the St.
Clairsville Charge, Oct. 23rd and
24th, 1917. First session on Tues-
day evening 7 o'clock.

Sunday, Oct. 21 has been designat-
ed by the authorities at Washington
as Liberty Loan Sunday throughout
the United States and arrangements
are being made to have Liberty Loan
sermons preached on that day.

Our Prothonotary, Chas. R. Mock
received a letter Tuesday from some
party distant from here, asking if he
has record of a certain marriage cer-
summatum in Bedford County in the
year 1781. Mr. Mock in answering
said he was sorry he could not give
desired information, but would
that he confidently believed
happy pair were now dead, or ne-
so.

Among the Bedford people
went to Johnstown Sunday to
ex-President Theodore Roosevelt.
E. A. Simons of Hopewell, who
for years been an admirer and
porter of the Colonel. Mr. Simons
although severely incapacitated by
rheumatism, which keeps him at
home most of the time, managed to
go and meet Mr. Roosevelt at the
Fort Stanwix.

Aiding U. S. Food Administration.

Commencing with to-morrow, Oc-
tober 2nd, Tuesdays of every week
will hereafter be beefless days in the
restaurant cars and restaurants of
the PRR lines East of Pittsburgh and
Erie. This step has been decided
upon at the request of the U. S. A.
ministration for the purpose of aid-
ing in conserving the beef supply
the country.

The elimination of beef on Tues-
days will be complete and will apply
not only to steak and roast beef, but
also to tongue, corned beef, rib ends,
tails, etc.

For the purpose of further aiding
the U. S. Food Administration in the
campaign to eliminate waste in use of
food stuff of all kinds, cards contain-
ing a reprint of the food adminis-
tration general plan for saving, will
be placed on the tables and counter
of all PRR restaurant cars and res-
taurants. The reverse side of the
card will contain the statement, that
the restaurant service of the Penn-
sylvania system, is a member of the
U. S. Food Administration.

ican Red Cross of their desire to meet
our wishes, subject to the imperative
needs of the Army and Navy and the
proper conduct of the war.

Mrs. A. J. Cassatt, Chairman
Mrs. Barclay Warburton,
Acting Chairman.

The following contributions were
sent, one to Miss Nina Lee, Chair-
man of Serbian Committee, No. 1428
Walnut St., Phil., \$10.00 for cut out
garments.

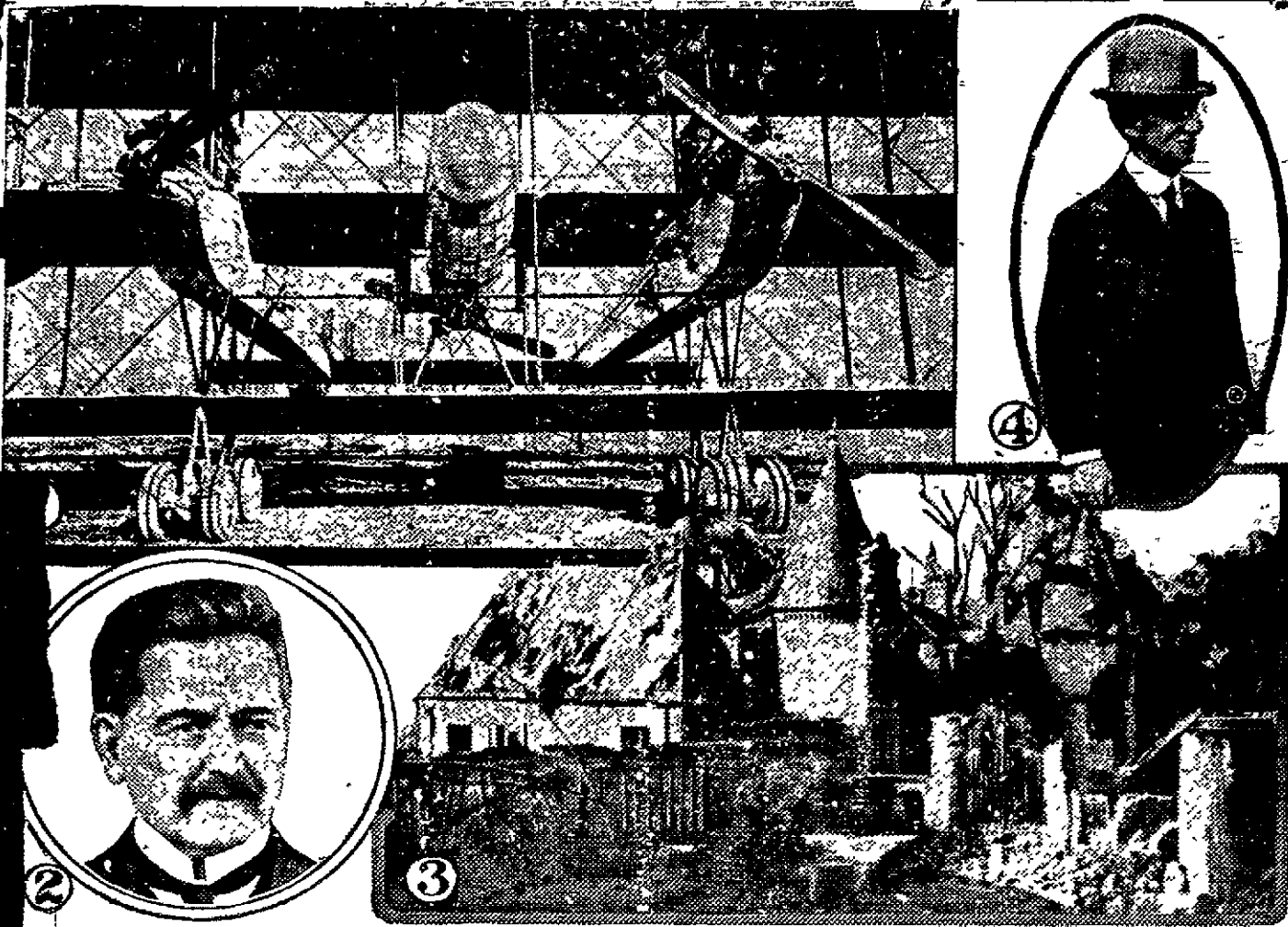
To Chocolate Overseas Committee
\$12.50 for out-door Chocolate for 50
Xmas bags.

The regular monthly busi-
ness meeting will be held next Tues-
day at 3.30 in the Post Office Building.
One box of clothing was sent to
Serbia the past favor.

The khaki covered testa-
ment to the first 8 boys
sent to the Camp Lee
selective draft. All boys who have
gone will be sent testaments either by
their local townsmen of the Bedford
County organization.

Several Xmas bags were received
from Bedford and one from New
Paris and were shipped to headquar-
ters by Parcel Post.

An interesting trip was made by
several local workers to the New
Paris Branch recently and they found
the work progressing very nicely.
ed by a number of the ladies, and
sewing will be done for the Serbians.
Knitting for Company "L" was start-
ed the coming month.



1—Photograph of the giant Caproni triplane, a sample of which has been sent to the United States from Italy and which carries 25 passengers. 2—President Irigoyen of Argentina, who is trying to arrange united action of Latin-American nations against Germany. 3—The Chateau de Peronne, reduced to ruins by continuous bombardment by the Germans. 4—W.A. Holman, prime minister of New South Wales, photographed in New York where he attended a luncheon of the Overseas club.

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

May Decide to Investigate Bernstorff's Plot to Influence Congress.

NAMED BY TOM HEFLIN

Ready to Quit War—German Conditional Offer to Evacuate Belgium—Lansing's Exposed Well Timed—Haig Makes Further Advances in Flanders.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

The house of representatives may decide to investigate itself, or rather a committee of certain of its members, as a result of the disclosures of a Bernstorff plot to influence congress and keep the country from entering the war, by the expenditure of \$100,000 through some organization. Representative Tom Hefflin of Alabama precipitated the inquiry by stating in the house that he knew of some German agents whose actions were suspicious. Called before the rules committee, he named Senator La Follette of Illinois, Representatives A. Britten of Illinois, and Patrick J. Norton and John M. Baer of North Dakota. He did not accuse them of receiving German money, but demanded that the activities of these five men be investigated. Bulgaria Wants to Quit. Bulgaria, having attained the ends which she entered the war—the recovery of Dobruja, Macedonia, and the city of Serbia that were taken from her in the Balkan war—is ready to fighting if permitted to retain her conquests. So says Stephan Pankov, Bulgarian minister to the United States. His country, he adds, has no interest in Germany's ambition to establish a Mittel Europa, and has preferred to enter the war on the side of the allies, had their wishes been as unconditional as those of the Kaiser. Austria-Hungary, according to reports received in Washington, is repudiating collapse and the German war party realizes that peace, if it is to be of the human brand, must be procured within six months or before America gets fully into action. There is great distress throughout the realm of Emperor Charles and his people would gladly stop fighting provided they do not have to yield too much of Italy.

Germany Offers Belgian Bargain.

The replies of Germany and Austria to the pope's peace proposals, filled with high sounding phrases and hypotheses, were virtually ignored by the governments and condemned as insincere by the press. The Kaiser came forward with a addendum, verbally expressed in a manifesto at Munich by Foreign Minister Kuchman, in which he stated that Belgium in order to be restored to her former conditions that made all the non-Leutonic world laugh. He demanded that Germany have the right to develop her economic enterprises freely in Belgium, especially in Antwerp; that Belgium give a guaranty that "any such menace as that which threatened Germany in 1914 would in future be excluded;" that Belgium undertake to maintain the administrative separation of the Flanders and Walloon districts introduced by Germany, and not enter into any commercial treaties aimed at Germany. In return Germany offers graciously to contribute a share of the compensation to be paid to the little nation she has ravished.

The new German party organized by Admiral von Tirpitz and others not now in office got into action last week

with the slogan "Peace without indemnity means Germany's defeat." This party serves to co-ordinate the activities of the pan-German agencies and is getting large support. The social democrats are gathering their strength to combat it, and the result is likely to be a very pretty fight when the reichstag reassembles.

Little News From Russia.

Little is heard and still less is known just now about conditions in Russia. Plots, counterplots and accusations have not yet unsettled Kerensky, and he and the soldiers' and workmen's council may finally establish complete control over the situation. The troops in the field and in garrisons have been murdering their officers by the score, and one correspondent asserts they have no heart for the war since the czar was deposed—a statement that only adds to the confusion of the mental picture we over here have of the new republic. The armies, however, since the Germans captured Jacobstadt, have checked the advance of the enemy and even retaken some positions near Pskoff. Winter is coming to their aid and it is considered probable that the movement of the Germans toward Petrograd is about ended for this year.

General Soukhomlinoff, former war minister, first of the autocrats to be judged by a jury of the new democracy was convicted of high treason on Wednesday, and sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for life. His young wife, whose extravagance drove him nearly insane, was acquitted.

Lansing's Useful Disclosures.

As a means of consolidating the sentiment of the country and arousing its enthusiasm for a victorious war, the disclosures of German intrigue made by Secretary Lansing are unexcelled. And they are ably seconded by the stirring speeches that Colonel Roosevelt has been delivering. Mr. Lansing times his exposures well and makes them with a calm finality that is most effective. His latest statement is that he has conclusive evidence that Count von Bernstorff on or before January 18 had received and read the Zimmerman note to the German minister in Mexico City telling of the intention to begin unrestricted submarine warfare on February 1, and consequently was fully aware of his government's plan when he asked authority to expend \$50,000 to influence congress and keep this country neutral.

Colonel Roosevelt's patriotic addresses were a distinct feature of the week. In Chicago and other middle West cities he expressed forcibly the opinions he and most of the rest of us have of the pacifists and obstructionists and other pro-Germans, and he gave special attention and some choice language to the case of Robert M. La Follette, the United States senator with whom Wisconsin is afflicted. The doughty "T. R." invaded the enemy's country, delivering one of his most fiery speeches at Racine. At the Chicago meeting and elsewhere resolutions were adopted calling for the expulsion of La Follette from the senate, but that so-called honorable gentleman, seemingly unmoved by the storm of denunciation, was busy organizing his followers in Wisconsin for a fight based on what he thinks are his principles.

South America Is on Fire.

Germany sought to pacify Argentina by disapproving the ideas expressed by Count von Luxburg, but the South American republic was by no means satisfied and the people demanded that war be declared. The chamber of deputies concurred in the resolution of the senate that relations with Germany be severed, and it was up to President Irigoyen. He has been a determined advocate of neutrality, but it seemed likely that he would be forced to yield to the demand for war. Before deciding the matter, he began negotiations to secure united action by all the Latin-American nations. Uruguay and Paraguay were reported as eager to break off relations with Germany, and Peru last week presented to the Imperial government a demand that satisfaction be given within eight

days for the sinking of the Peruvian bark Lorton in Spanish waters last February.

The people of Argentina have been stirred to increased indignation by the serious strikes of railroad men and other workers, which have been accompanied by much violence and destruction of property. These strikes are admittedly fomented and financially supported by Germans.

Haig Resumes His Offensive.

Having spent the first part of the week in consolidating his gains and beating off the desperate counterattacks of the Germans, Field Marshal Haig on Wednesday resumed his offensive in Flanders in the Ypres region. In a few hours his men had occupied ground to a depth of more than 1,000 yards along most of the front involved, and were in possession of the Tower Hamlets ridge, were beyond the bloody Polygon wood, and had taken most of Zonnebeke, the village from which they were driven in April, 1915. The Germans made tremendously strong counterattacks during the afternoon and evening, but in vain. The results of the offensive, at the date of writing, are pronounced most satisfactory.

Very heavy losses were incurred by the crown prince in futile attacks on the French along the Chemin des Dames and north of Verdun.

Four air raids in two days were made on England by the Germans and about a score of persons were killed. Both airplanes and Zeppelins took part in these raids and aerial torpedoes were used. The chief result was a renewed demand by the British press for reprisals. In several bombing expeditions the allied airmen did great damage to German establishments in Belgium. Monday night the German aviators cleverly bombed a French camp of German prisoners, killing two and wounding 17. They probably thought it was a hospital.

Steel Prices Heavily Reduced.

By a voluntary agreement made by steel producers with the war industries board and approved by the president, a scale of quotations was established that reduces prices of steel by about one-half. These, according to Elbert H. Gary, are fair and reasonable, though far below the expectations of the manufacturers. The priority committee of the war industries board issued an order that in all cases preference in orders for iron and steel and their products be given to concerns turning out materials actually necessary for the war's conduct. Manufacturers of articles classed as luxuries are the first to feel the effects of this order.

The federal labor trouble mediators are a busy lot of men these days. No sooner was the big strike of iron workers at San Francisco settled than the lake seamen voted to strike, and next the switchmen of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern suddenly quit, crippling the mills of the United States Steel corporation at South Chicago and Gary. Also, machinists employed by the government in navy yards and arsenals made new demands for more pay, and the bituminous coal operators and miners could not agree on wages. It was a relief to learn that the International Brotherhood of Leather Workers determined to prevent all strikes in its ranks during the war.

For Second Liberty Loan.

All preparations were completed last week for the campaign to float the second Liberty loan. The bonds, which will bear 4 per cent interest, will be advertised by posters, by every postmaster, railroad, express and telegraph manager, and every schoolteacher. A letter will be sent to every farmer in the country, and a special missive will go to a selected list of a million wealthy agriculturalists. They will be urged to invest as much of the proceeds of their harvest as possible in the Liberty bonds. Window cards, mailing stickers and automobile stickers will be distributed by the millions.

The senate passed the \$8,000,000,000 war deficiency bill, and the house and senate conferees completed their work on the great war tax bill.

Chesterfield CIGARETTES

of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC tobaccos—Blended



"They please the taste great! But also—"

If a cigarette simply pleased the taste, smokers used to let it go at that. But not now.

Because Chesterfields give smokers not only a taste that they like, but also a new kind of smoking-enjoyment—

Chesterfields hit the smoke-spot, they let you know you are smoking—they "Satisfy"!

Yet, they're MILD!

The new blend of pure, natural imported and domestic tobaccos—that tells the story. And the blend can't be copied—don't forget that!

Ask for Chesterfields—next time you buy.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

They "Satisfy"—and yet they're Mild!



Wrapped in glassine paper—keeps them fresh.

20 for 10¢

WORLD'S SERIES OPENS IN CHICAGO, OCTOBER 6

When the silver half-dollar tossed by Frank Navin of the Detroit club fell tails up, after President Harry Hempstead of the New York Nationals had called "heads," the national baseball commission in Cincinnati officially announced that Charles Comiskey, owner of the Chicago Americans, had won the toss and had the privilege of saying where the first game of the next world's series would be played.

Shortly afterward it was announced the series will open on the grounds of the Chicago American, Oct. 6, while the second game will be played there on Sunday, Oct. 7. On Oct. 8 the two clubs will be found traveling on their way to New York, where the third and fourth games of the series will be played on Oct. 9 and 10. Oct. 11 will see the players traveling back westward, and the fifth game, if five games are necessary, will be played at Chicago, Oct. 12. Then, in case another game is found to be required, a two-day wait will take place Saturday, Oct. 13, and Sunday, Oct. 14, being open, and the sixth game will be played at New York, Oct. 15.

Miners Demand Big Increase. Wage raises of from 20 to 70 per cent will be demanded by the country's coal miners. It was announced here, after a preliminary meeting of operators and miners' representatives of the central competitive field in Washington to discuss a general wage readjustment.

Origin of Jazz Music.

The fascination of jazz music lies in its wild barbarity. Jazz was first given to the world by five negro musicians who were playing in a cabaret resort in a Southern city. They played with entire abandon, and the effects they obtained were so strange that they attracted wide attention. Later they toured the country on a vaudeville circuit.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION OF THE NEW YORK WORLD.

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly. No other Newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The value and need of a newspaper in the household was never greater than at the present time. The great war in Europe is now half-way into its third year, and whether peace be at hand or yet be far off, it and the events to follow it are sure to be of absorbing interest for many a month to come.

These are world-shaking affairs, in which the United States, willing or unwilling, is compelled to take a part. No intelligent person can ignore such issues.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and

BEDFORD GAZETTE

together for one year for \$2.25.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.50.

Fetters Used in Ancient Times. The use of fetters goes back to ancient times. Fetters were usually made of brass and also in pairs, the word being in the dual number. Iron was occasionally employed for the purpose. (Plutarch 105:18; 149:8).

Aztecs Had Finely-Cut Jewels.

Among the Aztec treasures of Mexico exquisitely cut emeralds were found, and it is from this source that the magnificent emeralds now forming part of the royal collection of Spain are supposed to have come.

As Napoleon Viewed Life.

Be happy. Do as you please. Do not be easily affected. Do not care of your health. Do not be in a hurry. Do not complete success. — Napoleon.

Don't Go Into Particulars.

A Cincinnati defendant in a divorce suit says he can appear at the gates of heaven and say: "I have never told my wife a lie in my life." Perhaps he can, but our advice is that all men avoid particulars and take their chances on: "God be merciful to me, a sinner."—Houston Post.

Staff as Symbol of Authority.

The use of a staff as a symbol of authority was not confined to kings. It might be used by any leader as instanced in Judges 5:14, where for "pen of the writer" as in the authorized version we should read "scepter of the leader."

Bored Children.

Strange as it may seem, children do get bored by uninteresting things, such as stupid auditorium exercises in which they have to sit still for an hour, and do get weary by an excessive amount of time given over to directed play.—William H. Maxwell.

A Cure-All 400 Years Old.

The Indian "swallow stick" is 400 years old. In Indian ceremonies it was customary for the priest to thrust the stick down his throat, causing the reaction, thought by the natives to purge him of all impurities.

Has Job on His Hands.


"What's Scribner doing?" "He's whipping a poem into shape." "He seems considerably worried." "Yes. It's hard work. He's trying to prevent a sonnet from degenerating into vers libre."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Why Men Are Loved.

Most men are loved merely because they are men and not because of any unusual charm.—Atchison Globe.

Associated Neighborhood.

Real Estate Agent—There are relations on the property. You cannot keep hens nor a dog that traces his ancestry back for less than three generations.



WRIGLEYS

Soldiers, Sailors and Nurses all know the comfort and refreshment to be had from **WRIGLEYS**

It allays thirst and fatigue — soothes the throat and stomach — helps digestion.

After every meal

The flavor lasts

WRIGLEYS SPEARMINT
WRIGLEYS JUICY FRUIT
WRIGLEYS DOUBLEMINT

ESSENCE OF ALL CURRENT AFFAIRS

A Summary For Busy Readers of the Significant Doings of the Day.

OCCURRENCES OF INTEREST

Progress of the World's War—War and Legislative Activities at the Nation's Capital—News From Every Corner of the Country.

WAR BULLETINS

Another example of German intrigue was revealed when it was learned that recently Berlin, by holding out a bait of pledged support to any Japanese policy of expansion in China, sought to stop Japanese aid to the Allies, especially the sending of merchant vessels to the Atlantic.

The Italians attacked on the front above Gorizia and held ground won.

The Kaiser now has 8,800,000 men as the "human material" with which to enforce his demand for "a place in the sun." He started with 14,000,000 men.

Field Marshal Haig's victory in the Ypres region is assuming greater importance hourly. His forces continue to gain in their drive. The French were victors on the Aisne, on the Meuse and in Alsace, repulsing all attacks, with heavy losses to the foe.

Field Marshal Haig struck anew at the heights east of Ypres, strongly fortified by the Germans, driving the foe back at one point for nearly a mile and sweeping into Zonnebeke, about three and a half miles northeast of Ypres. He now fully occupies the Tower Hamlets spur. He captured 1,000 prisoners.

Captain Guynemer, France's champion aviator, is believed to be dead.

Renewed attacks, in which liquid fire was intensively used, have been made at Verdun by the Germans against the French lines near Beaumont. The Germans were repulsed.

WASHINGTON

Critics of the shipbuilding program say that vessels under construction are so slow and easily sunk that they are "submarine bait." Vessels capable of sustaining two or even three torpedo shocks are urged.

The Government took the first step to control the retail prices of coal. Fuel Administrator Garfield allowing 30 per cent more than the 1915 margin for the retailer.

Brig-Gen. John A. Le Jeune has been assigned to command the Marine Corps Camp at Quantico, Va.

A fist fight between Representatives Heftin and Norton on the floor of the House marked a stormy debate on the demand for an investigation of the German slush fund.

Colonel E. M. House, personal adviser of President Wilson, has been appointed to gather material and statistics for use in the international peace council that will be held when peace is declared.

The civil rights bill to create a moratorium for soldiers and sailors was reintroduced in the House.

Secretary McAdoo on Oct. 1 will offer the second issue of Liberty Loan bonds to the amount of three billion or more dollars, depending on the subscriptions.

Mr. Bursleson, Postmaster General, declares the loyal press of the country has nothing to fear from the power of excluding publications from the mails which the new Trading with the Enemy bill places in his hands.

Secretary of War Baker, in the first official weekly summary of the war, declared the Allies have definitely established their ascendancy on the western front.

The Urgent Deficiency bill, appropriating \$5,606,906,827, and authorizing an additional \$2,385,458,393, passed the United States Senate without a roll call. An appropriation of \$500,000 was added for the Employment Bureau of the Department of Labor.

The Senate adopted, by a vote of 48 to 6, the conference agreement to suppress absolutely any publication which is barred from the United States mails because of seditious or disloyal statements.

GENERAL

Shopmen of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad were given a wage increase of eight cents an hour.

Twelve thousand metal workers in shipyards at Seattle went on strike.

Liberty Bonds established a new high record on New York Stock Exchange when they were sold at 100.30.

Food Controller Hoover has appealed to the country to join in a crusade for food conservation during the week beginning October 21.

The largest class in the history of the Pay Corps, 117 men, was graduated from the Naval Pay Officers' School in Washington.

The Norfolk Navy Yard strike is settled. The 3,700 workers have gone back to their positions.

Due to the rush of so many aliens to swear allegiance to the United States this year it is necessary to hold naturalization sessions in two courts in Boston for five days a week.

Evidence of large quantities of fats and other imports from the United States are being smuggled into Germany on a much larger scale than has been even intimated before, was brought to light. As a result it was stated authoritatively that the ban on exports to Holland and other northern neutrals would be drawn even tighter than in the past.

Ten new cases of infantile paralysis were reported in Chicago, making 70 for the week.

A gigantic plot to overthrow the government and aid Germany through a reign of terror was thwarted by the arrest of William F. Woodward and other national leaders of the I. W. W. at Chicago.

Great crowds in Minneapolis and St. Paul wildly cheered Colonel Roosevelt when he again denounced Senator La Follette.

Ironworkers who have been on strike in San Francisco shipyard have returned to work.

Germany's elaborate plots to embroil Japan and the United States have failed utterly, said Viscount Ishii at a supper given by the Japanese Society at the close of a very busy day of receptions for the mission to America.

The American Bankers' Association shouted approval when Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler declared Congress should expel Senator La Follette and that the soldiers would take care of the enemy, but it was up to the citizens at home to fight sedition and treason.

A New London blacksmith has an order for 1,000 shark hooks a foot long.

Widespread plots to blow up munitions plants were nipped in bud by navy dragnet in which ninety-six enemy aliens were caught and interned.

Theodore Roosevelt has started his newspaper career and spent Sunday morning at his desk in the office of the Kansas City Star.

Billy Sunday telegraphed to Secretary McAdoo that he will do all in his power to aid the Liberty Loan.

Camp Upton, at Yaphank, L. I., now has a postoffice of its own.

GERMAN-AMERICAN WAR

Guards were doubled at Camp Dix after a fire of supposed incendiary origin destroyed the barracks of Company F, 310th Infantry, and an investigation was started.

The Shipping Board made public the charter rate to be paid for vessels requisitioned by the Government.

The Government has begun weeding out the officers in the Reserve Corps who have proved inefficient.

Count von Bernstorff knew that submarine ruthlessness was to be resumed when he asked the German government for \$50,000 to influence Congress.

Several thousand American artillerymen, regulars, now are in a camp "somewhere in England," being trained in the handling of big guns.

With President Wilson's signature the enemy trading bill will become a law. It has passed the Senate and the House.

A Texas widow has given three daughters and six sons to the nation. The sons are in the army and the daughters in the Red Cross.

Secretary Baker announced that the Government has not bought and has no intention of buying \$500,000 of sodium nitrate as a war reserve.

SPORTING

Having disposed of the two leading negro lightweights in three rounds, Leonard now is scanning the horizon for a white challenger.

Fans in all of the Western cities are rooting against the Giants. They want to have Eastern baseball supremacy ended for a long time.

Jennings is another American league manager who says that Cicotte's alleged "shine ball" is nonsense.

Stories of a heavy and experienced football squad at West Point make some of the colleges on the Army's schedule feel as if they ought to lean toward discretion rather than valor and cancel their engagements.

Sport writers in Philadelphia and other disappointed districts point out with some evidences of sour grapes that the coming world's series will be a battle between two clubs, the stars of which were purchased and not, as was the case with Connie Mack's famous old Athletics, developed by the home management.

Louis Chevrolet won third Harkness Trophy race at Sheepshead Bay Speedway from Ralph De Palma, who had a narrow escape from death. Winner set world's record, driving 100 miles at rate of 110.4 miles an hour.

FOREIGN

Australia will call her forthcoming loan a "Liberty Loan."

Seventeen Swedish agents of Germany were arrested in Russia on the charge of espionage.

Large bodies of German troops are being transported from the East front to the West.

American army engineers, sleeping in their barracks, were under fire from German airmen. Not an American was hurt despite the fusillade of machine gun fire from the air, which riddled the roof.

Bolo Pacha, a Levantine resident of Paris, has been arrested on a charge of receiving \$8,000,000 from German sources in the interest of a premature peace, partly through an American channel, the French Premier stating that the arrest was made in consequence of information from the United States.

COMMANDS ARMORED CARS ON EASTERN LINE



COMMANDER LOCKER-LAMPSON

Commander Locker-Lampson is in command of the British armored cars and trench mortar sections that are helping the Russians combat the advantage of the Austro-Germans in Galicia.

A GENERAL SURVEY OF THE WAR

The London district was again raided Sunday night—the second time in twenty-four hours—by German airmen. There is a circumstantial but unconfirmed report that one enemy machine was brought down.

While there was a bright moon there also was a slight mist and the raiders were invisible to persons in the streets, but from the sounds of the anti-aircraft guns in action the indications were that the raiders were moving over various quarters of the district.

Eleven persons were killed and 32 injured in Saturday night's air raid and nine killed and 42 injured Sunday night, it is announced officially. The material damage was not great.

Four groups of German airplanes attempted to attack London in the raid, but most of the machines were driven off. Bombs were dropped in the northeastern and southeastern districts of London and at various places in Kent and Essex.

The British are maintaining their new line in Flanders strongly. The main battle was in the neighborhood of Cameron House, south of the eastern extremity of Polygon wood, where the "Australians" are pressing the Germans hard. The situation as a whole is virtually unchanged.

Northwest of Zonnebeke heavy fighting continues in the region of the elevations which dominate a considerable extent of territory. From the British standpoint the situation resulting from the new offensive is exceedingly satisfactory.

The ridge over which the fighting is now in progress is virtually all that separates the allies from the plains of Flanders.

Although the official German communications lately have been claiming British defeats or discounting the advances made, the desperate resistance of the Germans is an indication of the vital significance of the recent allied gains. German officers taken prisoners admit the seriousness of the situation for their country.

In their offensive operations of the past three days General Cadorna's troops have taken 2,019 prisoners, the Rome war office announced.

Words of praise were being showered on the members of the American engineering unit who showed so much coolness when German airmen bombarded their barracks.

Although the bullets from the machine guns riddled their houses the men were safely tucked away in the dugouts and seemed to enjoy their first experience under the fire of the enemy.

The barracks attack was not the first time the members of the engineering contingent have been under fire. As a matter of fact they are getting hardened to the sensation of being shelled. This is especially true of the railroad pioneer regiment. Enemy aviators have repeatedly attempted to bomb nocturnal trains under charge of Americans transporting supplies to French sectors.


WANT LA FOLLETTE OUT

His Ouster From Senate Asked by Minnesota.

Discussion is going on at the capitol over the petition that was received in the senate for the removal of Senator La Follette. Although the request was promptly referred to the committee on privileges and elections it was said it would not die there. The matter is considered of great importance.

It was the anti-war utterances of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin at St. Paul recently during which he condoned the sinking of the Lusitania, which culminated in Senator Kellogg of Minnesota offering the resolutions adopted by the public safety commission of Minnesota, of which Gov. J. A. Burnquist is chairman, calling for Mr. La Follette's expulsion. Along with this resolution was another, to the same effect, passed by the Welsh burn Loyalty league of Washburn, Wis.

The V... That Money Can...



ELIAS BLACKBURN
Wholesale Distributor
Fishertown, Penna.

Administrator's Notice

Estate of Solomon Shaff, Londonderry township, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration above estate having been to the undersigned, all persons to the said estate are to make prompt payment and claims to present the out delay to

H. MELVIN SH...
Administrator

FRANK E. COLVIN,
Attorney.
Aug. 31, 6wk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Randall R. of Napier township, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary granted the undersigned in the last will of Randall R. McC... pier township, Bed... deceased, all persons or demands against the said decedent are here present the same with payment, and all persons to said estate are to make prompt payment of

GEORGE...
HENRY...

E. M. PEN
Sept. 14

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Lavanda O. of Colerain township, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration above estate having been to the undersigned, all persons to the said estate are to make prompt payment, having claims to present without delay to

JOSEPH...
Attorney

FRANK E. COLVIN, Attorney
Sept. 14, 6 wk.

FORTY YEARS

On September the Forty Years that we first doors for business To pr brate the event we are g our stock of finished Mor both yards at away down now until Winter. Now to buy.

Mail orders receive pr tentation.

J. B. WILLIAMS
Marble and Granite De
99 N. Centre Street, Cumber
60 E. Union Street, Frostb
Phones, 1500 Cumberland.
52 Frostburg.
Sept. 28, 31.

YOUR KIDNEY

Bedford Residents Must Learn Importance of Keeping Them Well

Perfect health means organ of the body is performing function properly.

Perfect health cannot be enjoyed if the kidneys are weak and disordered.

Thousands testify that Doan's Kidney Pills have a reviving action on weak kidneys.

What this remedy has done in so many cases of this kind is the best proof of its merit.

Read the following. It's testimony gratefully given by a resident of locality:

John S. Baker, retired farmer, Main St., Everett, Pa., says: "My kidneys acted much too freely when I was around on my feet during the day. A dull ache settled in the small of my back and seemed to go clear up to my shoulder blades. Doan's Kidney Pills regulated the passage of the kidneys secretion and removed the aching from my back."

Price 50c at all dealers. Do simply ask for a kidney remedy get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Baker had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y., April 27, 21.

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Regular subscription price per year \$1.50, payable in advance. Card of Thanks, 50c; Resolutions, 1.00.

All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 5, 1917.

Entered at the Post Office at Bedford, Pa., as second class matter.

Among other popular methods of camouflage is moving the rubbish from the front to the back yard.

It is surprising what lofty motives patriotism actuated all these people. German checks in their bank.

It is claimed that wooden shoes have to be used, and that would be useful in kicking Germans out of the door.

How many people are looking at their backs and generously contributing to the soldiers those who don't ever want to see again.

Why the men are willing to make the movement for canning and serving foods by eating the

They will have to learn to do as well as "Oui" when French girls come buzzing.

Some of some of us the prettiest town is the woman who has a hundred cans of jellies and garden sass.

Men assigned to report findings, should not forget the bridegroom was also

prize might fit the time to the man. Highly explosive

come of hat? When last seen by Smart Setters, circus and Indian doctors.

that a man reads the news does for weeks so as to be right team, does not will read the Congress so as to vote for the

soldiers without uniform in overalls must look the Germans should get what they can now, as they will not feel like it

lining to eat good corn a week, many people might queer that the can't risk their lives in the

a surprising number of who would like to get my, but up to date it is that the recruiting office turned down anyone who is

in the patent medicine ads neglect your stomach," the release from school rush to for three sandwiches, half pie, and any old leaving pick up.

German people aren't a bit over the mobilization of our soldiers, as they have from Kaiser Bill that our merely going out for a little three old cat.

Some of our public men deny that they are traitors, as they are merely exercising their constitutional right to help destroy the United States.

The Germans aren't the least bit over the mobilization of our soldiers, as they have from Kaiser Bill that our merely going out for a little three old cat.

Friend's Cove Reformed Charge

Walter C. Pugh, Pastor

Saved for service is the sermon subject for Sunday Oct. 7th. Trinity 10:30 a. m. and Zion 8:00 p. m. Sunday School at Cove and Zion 10:30 a. m. and at Trinity 9:00 a. m. Bible Class at Trinity Sunday evening 7:30 p. m. You are welcome to these services.

Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarhal deafness, and that is by a local remedy. Catarhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

FOOD SUPPLY
Philadelphia, Sept. 29, 1917.
To the Chairman, Department of Food Supply,
Local Com. of Public Safety.

Dear Sir:
The following urgent appeal to the American people to save our sugar supply that it may be so divided as to meet the distressing need of our European Allies has been telegraphed to the Department of food supply by Mr. Herbert Hoover, United States Food Administrator:

"We have received a request from the French Government that we allow them to export from the United States one hundred thousand tons of sugar during the next month and probably more at a later period.

"Our own situation is that we have just sufficient sugar to maintain our normal consumption until the first of January when the new West Indian Crop becomes available to all.

"Our consumption is at the rate of ninety pounds per person per year, a little under four ounces per day per person.

"The French people are on a ration of sugar equal to only twenty one pounds per annum per person or at the rate of less than one single ounce per day per person. A little more than the weight of a silver dollar each day.

"The English and Italian ration are also not over one ounce per day.

"The French people will be entirely without sugar for over two months if we refuse to part with enough from our stocks to keep them supplied with even this small allowance as it not available from any other quarter.

"Sugar even to a greater amount than the French ration is a human necessity.

"If our people will reduce by one-third their purchases and consumption of candy and of sugar for other uses than preserving fruit, which we do not wish to interfere with, we can save the French situation.

"If the interest of the French people and of the loyalty we owe them to divide our food in the maintenance of our common cause, I ask the American people to do this.

"It is unthinkable that we refuse their request.

"The matter is one of considerable seriousness and we hope you will do all you can locally to secure this end.

This appeal should reach the people of Pennsylvania in a way that will bring home to the individual consumer its serious importance and to impress upon all a sense of the personal responsibility involved in the situation.

Will you immediately take measures to bring the subject to the attention of the local representative of the Woman's Council of National Defense, or other local woman leader with whom you are accustomed to cooperate in such matters and through this channel to all women's clubs and other organizations.

Will you also ask pastors of churches, superintendents of Sunday schools, and public and private school principals to take it up, thus getting it directly and personally to the attention of as many persons in your community as possible, at the same time endeavoring to secure publication of the appeal entire in the columns of your local press.

This appears to be a matter of unusual gravity requiring immediate action because the acute situation lies between the present time and the close of the present year, and it is one in which every loyal Pennsylvania citizen should do his part to help.

To facilitate the prompt and thorough spread of this propaganda, we are sending several copies of this communication for direct distribution, and if more copies are needed, please call upon us for them.

Yours truly,
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD SUPPLY
Howard Helms,
Director.

"Insofar as my circumstances permit, I am in the habit of reading the paper and the paper is a great help to me."

Billions for Automobiles.

It has been estimated that by midsummer there were close to 4,000,000 automobiles on the road in this country alone, and that \$3,000,000,000 will be spent during the year in sustaining them.

WILL FIGHT SNOWDRIFTS

Organization of the Highway Forces Will Be to Prevent Roads Becoming Blocked

TO KEEP MAIN ROADS CLEAR

Because of Congestion of Railroad Business Heavy Traffic From Western States Crosses Pennsylvania in Motor Vehicles.

Harrisburg, Pa.—The "flying squadrons" to be formed out of parties of laborers and machinery forces of the State Highway Department to handle work which must be completed before winter sets in will also "buck snowdrifts," according to Highway Commissioner O'Neil, who has been planning the forming of these special forces.

Owing to the heavy traffic from Ohio, Indiana and Michigan through Pennsylvania by motor vehicles because of the congestion of railroad business the commissioner is planning to keep roads as free from snow as possible. According to reports which have come to the Capitol numerous trains of motorcars are sent east through Pennsylvania especially on the big main highways and will form a new problem in winter care of state roads. Machinery is being listed so that it will be available to handle heavy snows on these main roads.

Under the plan the men best adapted for heavy work and who are skilled in repairs and in road-making will be placed in districts and subject to call. Many of these men are now engaged in other districts than their own helping reconstruct or repair certain stretches of road much used for through traffic due to the war orders and demands.

Co-Operation by Dairymen.

The state milk commission, which made an investigation of the milk situation in the Pittsburgh district in conjunction with a similar commission named by the governor of Ohio several weeks ago, has made a report to Governor Brumbaugh in which it declares that better results can be obtained by co-operation among the dairy farmers in the section which supplied milk to the city and its numerous surrounding borders. The commission reports the average cost of production in the Pittsburgh district to be 7.45 cents per quart including freight charges.

May Not Vote in France.

As the result of a conference held at the Capitol it is more than likely that no commissioners will be sent to France to take the vote of the Pennsylvania soldiers. Voting will be restricted to the Pennsylvania soldiers stationed at Camp Hancock, and at the training camps where a large body of Pennsylvania soldiers are gathered. The pamphlet issued for the soldiers' vote will contain the names of county and city nominations.

Change in Ruling.

State draft headquarters was informed that appeals in extraordinary cases could be taken up by the Adjutant General of Pennsylvania. The original provision was that in special cases or those involving unusual features that the Governor could reopen the cases and present them to boards again. The new order is that the Adjutant General is to be the officer.

Ruling on Drafted Aliens.

State draft registration headquarters announced that a telegram had been received from the provost marshal general to the effect that where aliens have been examined and certified and have not claimed exemption when they had an opportunity to do so that they should be considered as in military service. In the event that they do not appear when summoned they are to be apprehended.

Insect Pests Will Increase.

Renewed warning against appearance of insect pests dangerous to farm and fruit crops are being given by State Department of Agriculture officials who have called attention to the fact that because so many people unaccustomed to gardening are cultivating land this year that they will unwittingly allow pests to spread this fall. Next year will be a bad year for pests it is declared.

According to a Lewistown dispatch farmers of Mifflin county will begin the round up this week of herds which have been grazing on State forest lands under the permission given by the Governor as a war measure. It was a great advantage to many farmers.

Women May Run Elevators.

Women above eighteen years of age may be employed as elevator operators in department stores, apartment houses and elsewhere according to an announcement made by Dr. John Price Jackson, State Commissioner of Labor and Industry, for the State Industrial Board. The matter was formally submitted to the board from several sections of the state and the board held that eighteen years was the minimum legal age for elevator operators, male or female.

KEYSTONE PARAGRAPHS

Fixing of steel prices by the United States government has done more to stabilize the steel business than any action that could have been taken. This was the view of leading Pittsburgh steel men. Features of the government's move are as follows: Cancellations of orders taken at high prices are expected to follow, together with greater activity in building operations throughout the country, the placing of large orders for equipment and without affecting profits of the leading steel companies. The prices as fixed by the government are above the now present billing price, rather than the selling price, and no disturbance in wages is anticipated.

Employment of women to run elevators in department stores, apartment houses and elsewhere has come before the industrial board of the department of labor and industry. Commissioner John Price Jackson, chairman of the board, said that it has been decided that there is no reason why women should not be so employed providing they are more than eighteen years of age.

Some of the 500 men enlisted in the Fifth Engineers organized in Pittsburgh, who were left behind when the regiment was ordered to France a few months ago, have been called to service in the engineers' regiments of other cities and will soon be on their way to France. Five regiments of engineers are being organized in five large cities of the country, it became known.

At Washington the Lilley Coal & Coke company of Pittsburgh has purchased 4,000 acres of coal land adjoining the residence section of Washington for \$300 an acre. A deal also has been completed by the same company for the John M. Dunn residence and property in Washington adjoining the tract, for \$20,000. The company plans to open two mines immediately.

His shirt loosened about his neck and tied to an iron rail, while he stood ready to leap from the rail, David McKenzie, aged thirty years, no home, was prevented from ending his life in the wagon shed at Central Police station, Pittsburgh, Pa. Policemen caught McKenzie and arrested him just as he was preparing to leap.

The largest schedule of assets and liabilities in the history of the United States court in the Pittsburgh district was filed on Wednesday by Josiah V. Thompson, in his voluntary bankruptcy petition. There are more than 200 pages in the document. The total liabilities are \$39,368,998.11, and the assets \$57,474,592.71.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hanna, aged 70, widely known for her operation in Oil City oil exchange in the 70's and 80's, died in Oil City from paralysis. Several years ago she purchased the Hardscrabble coal mines, at Brady's Bend, and she owned these properties at the time of her death.

Announcement was made by the Bethlehem Steel Co. that an increase of 10 per cent will be made in the general labor rates of the company, affecting 60,000 employees. This makes the sixth increase since August, 1916, the increases totalling 60 per cent.

Carl Bunting, controller of the Pennsylvania railroad, and Isador Miller, chief accountant in the general manager's department, will go to France soon to serve on the staff of W. W. Atterbury, director general of American railroads in France, it was announced.

In a fire which threatened the destruction of several large buildings at Greensburg, Pa., damage estimated at \$45,000 was done. One woman was overcome by smoke and carried from her apartments, and guests of the hotel made a hurried exit.

The J. C. Blair company, manufacturing stationers at Huntingdon, Pa., are selling potatoes to their employees at 70 cents a bushel. This is the estimated cost on a crop of about 600 bushels from a piece of nearby truck land owned by the company.

Hugo Bezdek will lead the Pirates again next year. Announcement was made by Barney Dreyfuss, president of the Pittsburgh baseball club, that he had re-engaged the former football star to manage the team for the season of 1918.

Edward, four, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Parsons, Lemoyne, Pa., broke from his mother's grasp in answer to an uncle's call, ran beneath the wheels of a heavy motor truck and was instantly killed.

George Cooper, alias "Rabbit Williams," was arrested at Washington, Pa., for the two hundredth time. He was sentenced to serve 10 days in jail on a charge of drunkenness.

An automobile truck carrying ten negro laborers got beyond control and ran down Fill hill near Springdale, killing David Brown, 45, and injuring nine others, four of whom may die.

The board of directors of the Pittsburgh Coal company of Pennsylvania declared a quarterly dividend on the preferred stock of \$1.50 a share, payable October 25 to stockholders.



When you have a House to Rent

Give it a coat of good paint before you tack a sign on it. It won't cost much and a well-painted house always rents more readily than a shabby one—rents for more money, too.

DEVOE
THE GUARANTEED
LEAD AND ZINC PAINT
FEWER GALLONS - WEARS LONGER

It is just as essential to use good paint on a house you own and rent as on the one you live in. Therefore, paint with Devoe and increase the value of your property.

We guarantee DEVOE because we know it is pure and because we know that it always gives our customers satisfaction. It contains no whitening, silica, china clay or other adulterants. DEVOE takes fewer gallons and wears longer. We are always glad to show attractive color combinations.

THE

Modern Remedy

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sprains

20th CENTURY LINIMENT

Its almost instant penetration gives relief from excruciating local pain quicker than any other method that has been devised.

Applied frequently, it will not blister nor burn the tenderest skin.

Rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, sprains, stiff muscles and kindred ailments yield to 20th CENTURY LINIMENT like magic!

The germ-killing properties of 20th Century Liniment make it a wonderful antiseptic for the home.

Sold to you on a positive money-back plan by any of the stores of your town for 50 cents and \$1.

"Pulls Out Pain"

SPRING HOPE

H. L. Hull and his house keeper, Mrs. Mollie Miller were Sunday visitors in Johnstown.

Mrs. Valentine Leppert and son Lester and Mrs. E. P. Hershberger and daughter, Elta motored to Roaring Springs on last Thursday and were accompanied home by Miss Elsie Leppert who spent a week at the hospital taking treatment for rheumatism.

Cal King of Altoona, visited friends a few days here this week.

Mrs. Jennie Redline of Altoona, is visiting at the home of Pierre Hershberger.

George Leppert, wife and children and Miss Carrie Davis of Point were Sunday visitors at the home of R. S. Rininger.

Loren Riseling, and two sons of Cessna, R. D. and Mrs. Redline of Altoona, were Sunday visitors at the home of Pierre Hershberger.

Trinity Lutheran Church, Bedford
C. R. Allenbach, Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Morning worship with sermon 11 o'clock, theme, "Like Produces Like." Christian Endeavor society 6:30 p. m. and evening service 7:30, subject, "The Serpent Enticed." A cordial invitation is extended to all, and especially to those who are not affiliated with any Church, to come and worship with us.

St. Clairsville Lutheran Church
Wilson P. Ard, Supply Pastor
Preaching services at 10:10 a. m. and at St. Clairsville 2 p. m. Catechetical class will meet.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, Pennsylvania, on the 12th day of November, 1917 at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, by Alvin L. Little, Paul Reed Sol. Metzger, Joseph J. Barclay, Richard C. Hall, Frederick A. Metzger, E. Middleton, Jr., Casper Dull, M. C. Sweeney, Henry Barr Ingle, Albert Broadhead, Wm. G. Elliott, F. P. Abercrombie and Richard C. Long, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Bedford Springs Golf and Tennis Club," the character and object of which is, "To lease, own and maintain a golf course and tennis courts, for the enjoyment of and to promote social intercourse among its members," in Bedford Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania; and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the Act of Assembly aforesaid, and its supplements.

FRANK E. COLVIN,
Solicitor,
Bedford, Pa.

Oct. 5, 3th.

Methodist Episcopal Church
10:00 a. m. Rally Day Exercises.
6:30 p. m. Epworth League.
7:30 p. m. Evening Worship, Theme, "Avarice." Third in series on "Seven great sins." You are welcome here.

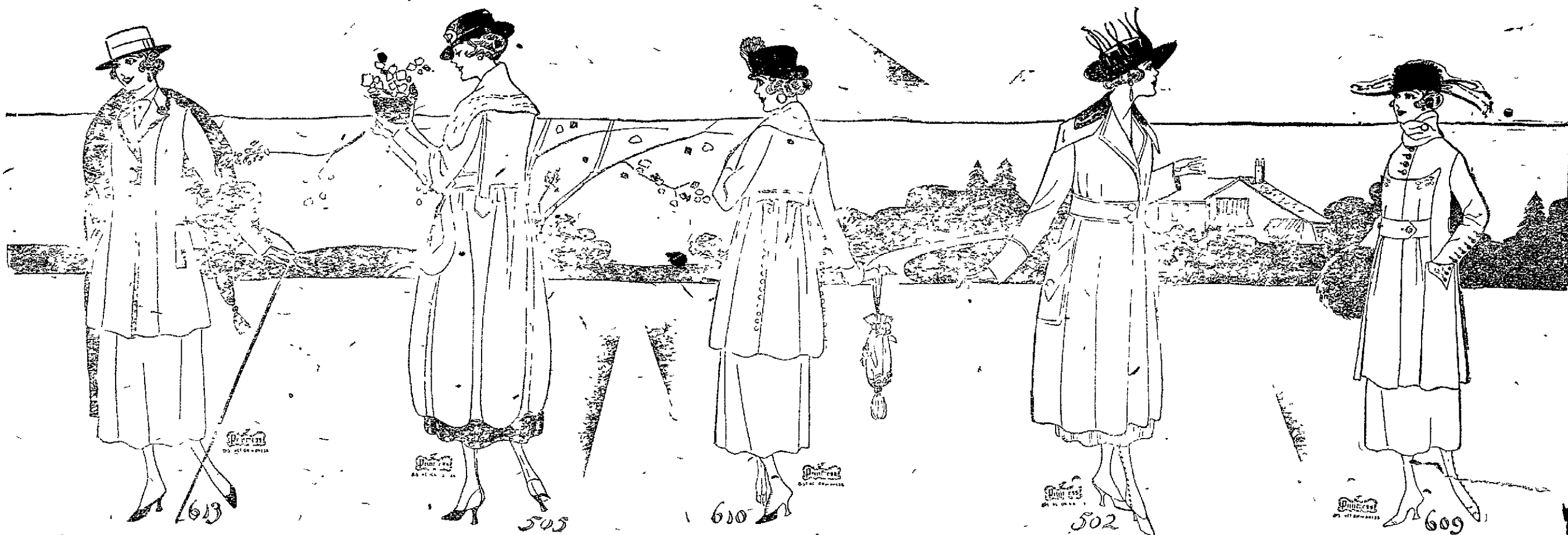
PRINTZESS

Oct. 8

WEEK

Oct. 13

THE NATION-WIDE FASHION EVENT



During this week the style appreciating Women of America, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and the Great Lakes to the Gulf, will make it their business to visit the **PRINTZESS** Store in their City to see for themselves just which models of the great-French Designers of Women's outer apparel have been finally adopted by the Women of fashion. It is a style occasion of the utmost importance. No Women can afford to miss it.

Our Garment department is at the height of its attractiveness during **PRINTZESS WEEK** and extend you a cordial invitation to visit it.

Coats

Broadcloth, velour, kersey, plush, and burella, in many beautiful models--Navy, brown, green, black, and burgundy
\$12.00 to \$35.00

Suits

Belted, Semi belted and plain tailored models in Serges, broadcloth, burella, velour, poplins and Rodier--Green, tan, navy, black, burgundy, brown taupe
\$15.00 to \$40.00

Furs, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Gloves, Hosiery & Munsingwear

HAROLD S. SMITH COMPANY

Battery E. First Field Artillery.

Camp Hancock,

Augusta, Ga., Sept. 25, 1917.

Editor Gazette:—

In last weeks letter I tried to give you a slight description of Camp Hancock, in general, but it is useless to try to describe everything in one letter, so I'll try to describe just a part of what is going on.

The training for the past week has been mostly physical, for individual hand to hand fighting. The infantry emphasizing the bayonet drills, implies much muscular exercise. Boxing and wrestling is also being taught. The Artillery has been giving more physical drills than anything else. The first thing in the morning is a mile run, then the battery is divided into sections and given an hour's gun drill which is usually strenuous. After that period the study of the gun is taken up. The gunners must know the technical name for each piece, (of which there are over one hundred) their use and how to take care of them.

The next class is horsemanship, this is very interesting. First the horse must be harnessed correctly. Then the name of each piece of harness and how to take care of harness must be learned. Harnessing is very important. The collars, saddle and all parts must be adjusted exactly to regulation. Harness well fit, seldom break or cause harness sores. This is a good class for the farmer boys and it should be taken up in the farmer's institutes for I believe there are few farmers who know how to hitch or harness a horse to the best advantage.

The last drill before noon is horse training. Every horse is trained

"Bridle-wise," and they are just as quick learning as the rider. You seldom need to pull on the bit to make a horse turn, just the touch of the rain on his neck and the touch of the inside spur is sufficient. In no case does the horse move by word, altho they soon learn the officers commands. Artillery horses have good care and are seldom abused. It is a strict violation of rules to strike a horse on the head.

Afternoon we are given signal drilling. Every man must know the two-arm, semaphore with hand flags by which all signaling is done. The rest of the afternoon is occupied by boxing, wrestling and playing football which is looked forward to all day. Everybody has to engage in them and there are some fast matches. The fellows wrestle and box as if their opposite was a German.

Every few days we have communication with some one who has seen service in France. They say that nearly every battle ends with hand to hand fighting with bayonets, knives, clubs and fists.

The writer visited Co. L. 8th Reg., and found the boys from Bedford Co. all in good health. Most of them were in bed but Bob Burkett was up yet. He said he'd be all right if the girl was only here. After Alex Russell assured him that. Absence made the heart grow fonder, he went to sleep. Then Alex and I talked about things that happened in Clearville when he was buying bark.

Now I must close, but will write again soon, I am,

Cecil O. Snyder.

Try a Gazette want ad; they bring quick results

HYNDMAN

Mr. and Mrs. William Devore and daughter, Nina, of Alexandria, Pa., are visitors in and around Hyndman.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Wisegarver spent last week in Baltimore.

Miss Abigail Penrose of Philadelphia left Saturday evening for her home after spending the past two weeks with friends here.

Bert Horner of Pittsburgh spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Annie Horner.

Miss Bulah Blackburn has again taken charge of her school here.

John Blair spent last week in Akron, with his father, N. A. Blair.

The Ladies' Organized Bible Class of the M. E. church was entertained last Friday evening by Mrs. Effie Gaster.

The Aid Society of the M. E. Church met at the home of Mrs. O. D. Blair Tuesday evening.

Mrs. J. W. Madore and Henry Ahlborn are seriously ill.

Miss Elsie Sides of Meyersdale is visiting at the home of Mrs. Annie Kinton.

Mrs. Myrtle Comp of Braddock, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hershiser.

A marsh-mellow toast was given in honor of Miss Abigail Penrose of Philadelphia last Tuesday evening in H. H. Carpenter's Grove near town. Those present were: Miss Abigail Penrose, Misses Laura Kramer, Pearl Kramer, Laura Madore, Belle Glatfelty, Dorothy Miller, Lulu Hershiser, Emma Close, Annie Wolfe, Estelle Garber, Mrs. Geo. Malsbury, Mrs. Mary Wertz, Mrs. Chas. Droyer, Robert Wertz and Burton Shaffer.

PATROL VESSEL IS SUNK

American Craft Rammed Off Atlantic Port; Will Be Raised.

An American patrol ship on duty off an Atlantic port was rammed and sunk by an unknown craft.

The incident reported to the navy department was announced officially as follows:

"A coast guard vessel, on patrol duty off an Atlantic port, was rammed and sunk by an unknown ship early Monday.

"The work of raising the sunken vessel will begin at once."

Navy department officials declared every effort was being made to ascertain the identity of the steamer which crashed into the American ship.

A later announcement said the department had been advised that there had been no casualties.

A patrol boat carries a crew of about 125 men, it was said.

MILLION CHINESE ARE MADE HOMELESS

Tientsin Threatened With Destruction as River Hoangho Overflows Its Banks--Situation Desperate.

The city of Tientsin is threatened with destruction by flood. The Chinese city and portions of all the foreign concessions are under water, which is rising rapidly and which covers the great plain to the southeast of Peking. It is estimated that 1,000,000 Chinese are homeless.

The railway embankment between Tientsin and Nanking has been cut to permit the escape of the water.

The Hoangho overflow has spread to the northward and has broken the Grand canal at many places.

The mud walls protecting Tientsin are being strengthened under foreign supervision, but all the streams in Chih province are feeding the flood seeking the sea, making the situation desperate.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

Pittsburgh

Cattle--Prime, \$13.25@14; good, \$12@13; tidy butchers, \$10.50@11.50; fair, \$8@9.25; common, \$6.50@7.50; heifers, \$6@9.75; common to good fat bulls, \$5.50@8.75; common to good fat cows, \$4@8.50; fresh cows and springers, \$40@50.

Sheep and Lambs--Prime wethers, \$11.25@11.75; good mixed, \$10.25@11.25; fair mixed, \$9@10; culls and common, \$5@7; heavy ewes, \$7@10; spring lambs, \$12@12.75; veal calves, \$15.50@16; heavy and thin calves, \$7@11.50.

Hogs--Prime heavy and heavy mixed, \$19.40@19.50; mediums and heavy yorkers, \$19.25@19.60; light yorkers, \$18.25@18.50; pigs, \$18@18.25; roughs, \$17.50@18.50; stags, \$15@16.

Cleveland

Hogs--Heavies, \$18@19.15; mixed, \$19@19.10; yorkers, \$19; pigs, \$17.50@17.75; roughs, \$17.50@17.75; stags, \$15.50.

Sheep and Lambs--Choice spring lambs, \$15.50@16.50; fair to good, \$14.50@15.50; common, \$8@14.50; choice sheep, \$9.50@11; culls and common, \$5@8.

Calves--Choice, \$15.50@16.25; fair to good, \$14@15; heavy and common, \$9@12.

Cattle--Prime shipping steers, \$11@12; good to choice, \$9.50@10.50; good to choice butcher, \$8.50@9.50; fair to good, \$7.50@8.25; common to light steers, \$6.50@7.25; good to choice heifers, \$7.50@8.50; choice fat butcher bulls, \$7.25@8.25; bologna bulls, \$6@7; choice fat cows, \$7@8; fair to good, \$5.50@6.50; canners and cutters, \$5@5.50; milch cows and springers, \$60@90.

Daily Thought.

Do not hang your head over the beauty of temper.

FOOD SUPPLY

Philadelphia, Sept. 29, 1917.

To the Chairman, Department of Food Supply,
 Local Com. of Public Safety.

Dear Sir:

Report comes to this office by way of Washington that in some sections an apparently organized effort is being made to mislead the public concerning the measures advocated for food conservation in the home.

Food Administration buttons have been used to secure entrance to homes and false statements made to the effect that the request to can fruits and vegetables is with a view to government confiscation of half of all that is put up. Efforts are also made to discourage families in other ways in the observance of their obligations under the food-conservation pledge cards.

It is needless to say that such statements are wholly without foundation in fact and the widest publicity may be given to their refutation as a warning to the people against such seditious propaganda by enemies of our government.

Operations of this character should be watched for carefully in your district, traced to their source and reported to this Department promptly. Those responsible will be dealt with severely if detected.

Very truly yours,

DEPARTMENT OF FOOD SUPPLY
 Howard Heins,
 Director

Food Administration

Official Primary Vote of Bedford County for Associate Judge and Director of the Poor on Democratic Ticket.

THE ONLY OFFICES FOR WHICH THERE WERE ANY CONTESTS.

Associate Judge Poor Director

Cessna Hershberger Replogle Cessna Finkle Slayer

	Cessna	Hershberger	Replogle	Cessna	Finkle	Slayer
Bedford bor. E. W.	106	34	18	16	15	28
Bedford bor. W. W.	75	13	12	8	13	13
Bedford Township	83	22	44	15	10	88
Bloomfield	5	22	15	1	2	10
Broad Top	153	80	74	11	29	2
Coaldale	18	5	4	1	3	0
Colerain	22	16	32	35	3	8
Cumberland Valley	7	5	14	3	6	12
Everett	61	92	19	9	10	11
Harrison	14	32	11	2	1	5
Hopewell Borough	32	18	3	0	5	0
Hopewell township	26	33	25	1	16	1
Hyndman	48	23	12	12	7	6
Juniata	19	12	5	7	0	5
Kimmell	16	7	24	8	3	21
King	14	16	11	8	3	5
Liberty	33	28	29	1	44	2
Lincoln	13	7	2	1	0	0
Londonderry	6	19	6	3	1	2
Mann	7	31	14	16	4	8
Mann's Choice	18	13	10	7	1	14
Monroe	13	50	25	4	8	18
Napier	12	27	15	10	1	13
New Paris	5	17	1	6	5	1
Pleasantville	9	12	5	0	1	2
Providence East	48	30	7	3	3	0
Providence West	45	57	14	6	1	9
Rainsburg	25	11	4	16	3	1
Saxton	49	17	11	1	14	2
Schellsburg	16	44	13	4	2	11
Snake Spring	22	23	12	2	0	17
Southampton No. 3	7	6	2	8	0	3
Southampton No. 1	2	18	15	14	7	2
St. Clairville	5	4	2	0	1	2
St. Clair East	28	27	12	7	1	16
St. Clair West	4	18	8	3	1	5
Union	2	9	3	0	0	2
Woodbury Borough	1	34	14	2	6	2
Woodbury township	14	25	54	0	12	5
Woodbury South	15	43	72	9	19	13
Total	1098	970	673	260	261	364

BROAD TOP
Socialist.
Judge—Jno Smith.
Supervisor—Oscar Alstadt.
School Director—Alex. Burns.
Supervisor—O. D. Whitehead.
Assessor—Samuel Winters.
Tax Collector—Wm. McGahey.
Auditor—Mike Collins.
Democratic.
Judge—C. C. Foster.
Inspector—Howard Chisholm.
School Director—S. B. Mills.
Supervisor—Harry C. Young.
Assessor—John H. Foor.
Tax Collector—Wade H. Figard.
Auditor—B. B. Chisholm.
BLOOMFIELD.
Judge—Levi Snyder.
Inspector—E. M. Ebersole.
School Director—Ransom Ferry.
Supervisor—E. H. Watters.
Assessor—E. C. Poté.
Tax Collector—J. O. Appleman.
Auditor—Wilson Myers.
COLERAIN.
Judge—V. P. Miller.
Inspector—Roy Shoemaker.
School Director—Lloyd H. Diehl.
Supervisor—George Morgan.
Assessor—Alex Die.
Tax Collector—G. D. M. Koontz.
Auditor—E. R. Koontz.
CUMBERLAND VALLEY.
Judge—R. D. Nave.
Inspector—J. A. Miller.
School Director—H. R. Rose.
Supervisor—J. W. Elder.
Assessor—W. A. Hite.
Auditor—W. M. Lightfoot.
EVERETT BOROUGH.
Judge—G. L. Hollinger.
Inspector—B. L. Steckman.
School Director—James F. Hughes.
Chief Burgess—T. L. Fletcher.
Councilmen—T. A. Claycomb.
W. Scott Rinedollar.
Jacob C. Smith.
R. Peyton Turner.
Justice of Peace—John T. Matt.

Assessor—E. Forney.
Tax Collector—M. S. Burket.
Auditor—6 years, D. Clay Ott.
4 years, Allen Wheatstone.
HARRISON
Judge—David Hillegass.
Inspector—F. C. Brown.
School Director—T. E. Kidwell.
Assessor—Daniel Diehl.
Tax Collector—Philip Turner.
Auditor—H. E. Cook.
HOPWELL TOWNSHIP.
Judge—Emanuel Clapper.
Inspector—Benj. Creps.
School Director—Edward Steele.
Supervisor—G. F. Ritchey.
Justice of Peace—H. W. Cogan.
Assessor—Elwood Replogle.
Tax Collector—S. P. Steele.
Auditor—W. E. Bossler.
JUNIATA.
Judge—Fred Mowry.
Inspector—Frank Mowry.
School Director—John Egolf.
Supervisor—Jacob S. Mowry.
Assessor—Harvey May.
Tax Collector—L. C. Markle.
Auditor—Charles Mowry.
KIMMELL.
Judge—William F. Hanisey.
Inspector—Thomas Roudabush.
School Director—E. C. Claycomb.
Supervisor—William Hoenstein.
Assessor—Austin Claar.
Tax Collector—D. A. Claar.
Auditor—Howard Kull.
KING.
Judge—Quitman Bowser.
Inspector—Bruce Kauffman.
School Director—Elmer Long.
Supervisor—William Deibbaugh.
Justice—F. D. Corie.
Assessor—Levi Roudabush.
Tax Collector—D. L. Kauffman.
Auditor—W. H. Beegle.
HYNDMAN BOROUGH.
Judge—Daniel Leonard.
Inspector—Theo Miller.
School Director—6 yrs., J. A. Blair.
4 years, Wm. Solomon.

BURGESS—Jasper Newman.
Councilmen—Chas Dwyer.
Chas. Logsdon.
Chas. H. Rush.
Harry Sprowl.
Assessor—H. B. Altfather.
Tax Collector—Geo. H. Hershberger.
Auditor—K. E. Gaster.
LIBERTY.
Judge—Harry E. Quarey.
Inspector—Henry Schluter.
School Director—J. I. Fockler.
Supervisor—C. E. Homan.
Justice—M. E. Coy.
Assessor—James Rhodes.
Tax Collector—M. E. Kensinger.
Auditor—D. W. Rhodes.
LONDONDERRY
Judge—A. J. Shroyer.
Inspector—O. N. Nacen.
Supervisor—W. H. Lowry.
Tax Collector—C. W. Shaffer.
Auditor—Lloyd Shaffer.
Justice—C. E. Shaffer.
Assessor—George Logsdon.
MANN
Judge—Philip Shipley.
Inspector—Dorsey Bames.
School Director—James Morse.
Supervisor—McClellan Jay.
Assessor—James Robinson.
Tax Collector—Jos. B. Howsare.
Auditor—E. K. Smith.
MONROE
Judge—Charles Logue.
Inspector—Baltzer Snyder.
School Director—Geo. W. R.
Supervisor—Erastus Diehl.
James R. Logue.
Justice—Reuben Miller.
Assessor—Jonas Morse.
Tax Collector—Virgil VonStein.
Auditor—Albert Mills.
NAPIER.
Judge—S. A. Douglass.
Inspector—Grover Miller.
School Director—Harry Burns.
Supervisor—R. H. Mowry.
Assessor—A. E. Hinson.
Tax Collector—D. S. Findley.
Auditor—William Moore.
NEW PARIS.
Judge—Michael Coplin.
Inspector—Scott Holderbaum.
School Director—H. J. Mock.
Burgess—S. H. Mickel.
Councilmen—A. E. Miller.
Jack Crissman tie with
G. E. McMullin.
W. J. Shoenthal.
Scott Holderbaum.
Justice—Stanley Blackburn.
Assessor—A. E. Miller.
Tax Collector—A. T. Horne.
Auditor—6 yrs., Warren Holderbaum.
4 years, Emmett Mitchell.

MANN'S CHOICE
Judge—Art Hufferd.
Inspector—Geo. Snively.
School Director—W. F. Fappel.
Burgess—J. M. Gump.
Councilmen—H. F. N. Miller.
Albert Turner.
A. R. Burket.
J. E. Mowry.
Assessor—H. H. Wheatstone.
Tax Collector—H. P. Mowry.
Auditor—6 yrs., W. A. Miller.
4 years, F. M. Suter.
Justice—F. M. Suter.
PROVIDENCE EAST
Judge—Philip Mellott.
Inspector—C. W. Stanley.
School Director—E. F. Grove.
Supervisor—A. F. Thomas.
Assessor—Calvin Bennett.
Tax Collector—Upton Truax.
Auditor—F. P. Barton.
PROVIDENCE WEST.
Judge—James Clabaugh.
Inspector—T. M. Diehl.
School Director—Frank Calhoun.
Supervisors—William Weicht.
Justice—William Drenning.
Assessor—C. W. Lynch.
Tax Collector—Philip Wigfield.
Auditor—John P. Smith.
RAINSBURG.
Judge—J. B. Cessna.
Inspector—Marshall Cessna.
School Director—William Wilson.
Burgess—E. H. Smith.
Councilmen—Guy E. Shipley.
Reuben Cessna.
William Rawlings.
Justice—James H. Gump.
Assessor—W. A. Cessna.
Auditor—6 yrs., R. F. Cessna.
4 years, J. B. Miller.
SAXTON.
Judge—E. E. Huff.
Inspector—J. H. Benner.
School Director—W. J. Bryan.
Burgess—S. H. Little.
Council—Frank Speece.
W. R. Amos.
Justice—S. H. Little.
Assessor—J. N. Fink and
I. N. Moorehead tie.
Tax Collector—James Blackburn.
Auditor—6 yrs., A. H. Redinger.
4 years, three ties.
SHELLSBURG.
Judge—Charlie Hock.
Inspector—F. B. Snively.
School Director—M. M. Wheatstone.
Burgess—John M. Culp.
Council—2 yrs., John Deane.
4 years, J. H. Horne.
Justice—H. N. Shoemaker.
Assessor—T. H. Rock.
Tax Collector—H. N. Shoemaker.

Auditor—6 yrs., J. F. Poorman.
4 years, 4 ties.
Constable—William Sleek.
Council—6 ties.
Auditor—4 years, 2 ties.
SCHELLEBURG
Mr and Mrs Harry Mullen, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Otto and daughter, of Cumberland and Miss Mary Otto of Bedford spent Sunday here. Messrs R. L. and H. P. Williams, Geo. L. Wolfe and Fred Culp went to Johnstown on Sunday to see Ex Pres., Theodore Roosevelt. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Struckman of Mann's Choice, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Elias Ball. Our town will be well represented at the Fair this week. Chas. Van Ormer who is working at Cumberland spent Sunday with his family. Mr and Mrs. Jno. N. Williams were in Johnstown on Sunday. Willard Colvin and family spent Sunday with his son, Hubert and wife who are camping near Somerset, while he is employed on the State Road.
Just Wanted One Look.
Dorothy went to spend a few days with her little cousin, but got home sick before night. Her aunt's house, though really only in the next block, seemed a good way off to Dorothy. She had a good time playing with her little cousin for awhile, then she said to her aunt: "Aunt Mary, if you'll please take me home and let me look at mamma for a minute I'll come right back with you."
For a Headache.
A throbbing, pulsating head will often feel relieved on the application of a cold compress. A foot bath, too, will aid, as it draws the blood away from the head. If neither of the above remedies avail, try applying hot and cold cloths alternately to the back of the neck.
Youthful Philosophy.
"My mother is much prettier than your mother," proudly declared Hazel. "No she isn't; she isn't half as pretty as my mamma. I've got the prettiest mother in the whole world!" proclaimed Nellie. Hazel was staggered for a moment and then complacently remarked: "Well, it isn't so much what we has as what we thinks we has that counts, I s'pose."
THE GAZETTE \$1.50 A YEAR

NEW PARIS
Mrs. Eva Taylor of Wilmerding is the guest of Mrs. Jas. A. Ralston at the home of Mrs. Laura E. Blackburn. Mrs. Mary Ankeny and Dr. R. B. Colvin and family of Somerset were visitors in our village and vicinity recently.
A. D. Ling and wife and Geo. F. Moore and family of Johnstown were callers on friends in our town on Sunday.
Claude C. Bowden and wife of Central City, W. H. Bowden and wife and Mrs. A. J. Comer of Windber were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Rock on Sunday.
The Rev. John Winwood of the U. B. church was returned to this place by the annual conference of that church which was in session last week at Johnstown.
Arrangements have been made by the Sunday school organization of District No. 12, which includes the Sunday schools of Napier township and Schellsburg and New Paris boroughs to hold its fall convention in the Napier Mennonite church on Saturday, October 6.
Of the many young men of this place and vicinity who were drafted, Irvin Oldham, son of Mr. and Mrs. Findley Oldham, was the first one to obey the call to actual service. His brother Romanes will leave for duty on October 3.
Orckerit.
Orckerit is a natural mining wax, found originally oozing in small quantities from rocks of the coal formation. It has been discovered in Moldavia and Galicia, and is used chiefly in candle making.
Too Much for Her
A plain, blunt man has to have a good many daunters to get used to calling the maid a "bitch" after getting married a beautiful—Columbus (O.) Journal.
"Harvest" Saxon Word.
"Harvest" the word that brings to our minds golden grain, glowing fruit, sunshine, autumn haze, and bonfire smoke, was originally a Saxon word, "heortest," which means "herbfeast."

Fair List Prices

Pennsylvania First Burned Coal in a Stove

THOUGH coal smouldered in the open for centuries, it remained for Pennsylvania in 1804 to make fuel of it by burning it in a stove. Coal oil was an Indian liniment called Seneca Oil until Pennsylvania put it into lamps.

GOODRICH

BLACK SAFETY TREADS

"America's Tested Tires," in the most trying of tests have proved themselves matchless amongst fabric tires.

For millions of miles of wear and tear testing on the wheels of the rough-road-riding cars of Goodrich's Test Car Fleets have demonstrated in every region of our country:

That Goodrich's Black Tread is the toughest most-lasting rubber known;

That Goodrich's UNIT MOLD, UNBROKEN CURE is the only principle on which to build a lasting body into a fabric tire;

That Goodrich's CLOSE-CLUTCH, CROSS BARRED pattern is a real non-skid Tread, not a fad design or an advertising novelty.

To get the utmost service in a fabric tire, you must buy "America's Tested Tires," Goodrich Black Safety Treads.

THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY, The City of Goodrich, Akron, Ohio

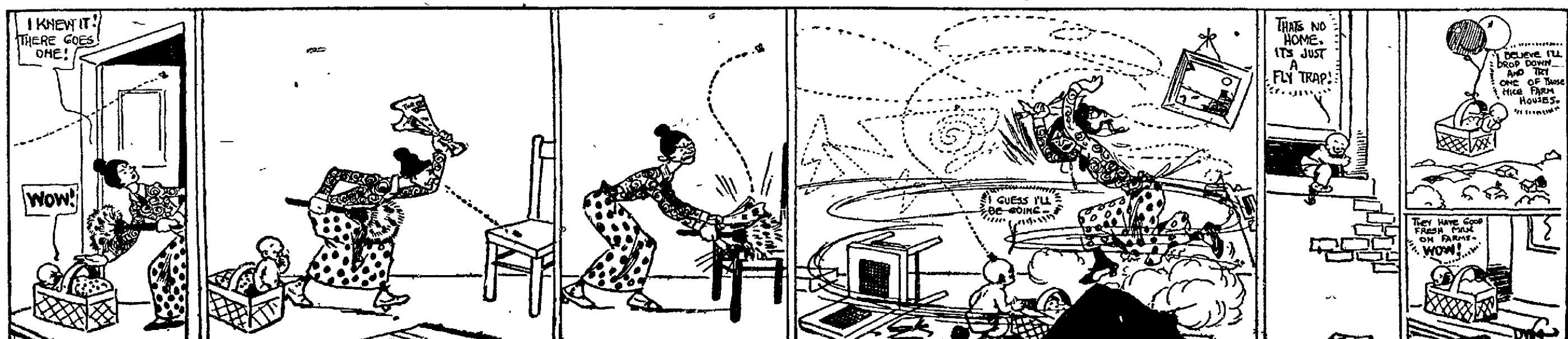
Makers also of the famous Silbertown Cord Tires

"Best in the Long Run"

Fair Treatment

WANTED: A HOME FOR A BABY

That's no home, it's a fly trap



HOUSE FAVORS WAR TAX BILL

Measure Will Be Called Up
In Upper Branch Soon

BURDEN ON WHOLE PEOPLE

Duties Are Distributed Over Many
Forms of Activities — Liquor Rates
Slightly Raised.

The conference report on the war tax bill was adopted by the house without a roll call. It will be taken up in the senate at once.

As redrafted by the conferees, Chairman Simmons says the bill has been immensely improved and he believes there will be no obstacles to its speedy approval by congress this week.

The chief changes were in the excess war profits income tax, liquor taxes, taxes on tobacco and cigars, insurance, war stamp taxes, inheritance taxes, postal rates and transportation.

The income rates as agreed upon substantially the same as passed by the house with the Gerry amendments as passed by the senate. The house agreed to the senate amendment increasing the normal tax on corporations from 4 to 6 per cent. The bill abolishes "collection at the source" and substitutes information as provided as to what is known as "tax free covenant bonds of corporations."

The excess profits tax as agreed to by the conferees is a modification. The senate increase of from 2 to 4 per cent of the income tax on corporations, joint stock companies and insurance companies, was approved, together with the new normal individual tax of 2 per cent on incomes of unmarried persons in excess of \$1,000, and of married persons of more than \$2,000.

The income tax section virtually was unchanged except for rearrangements of surtaxes on incomes between \$5,000 and \$40,000. The graduated surtaxes of from 1 to 50 per cent on incomes from \$5,000 to those of \$1,000,000 and over were approved.

The conference report provides that the graduated tax of from 2 to 40 per cent on excess profits of corporations, partnerships and individuals shall be levied on a basis of invested capital compared with invested capital of the three years of 1911, 1912, 1913.

The graduated excess profits rates are 20 per cent of excess profits not in excess of 15 per cent of the invested capital for the taxable year; 25 per cent on profits in excess of 15 per cent and not over 20 per cent of such capital; 35 per cent on excess over 20 per cent and under 25 per cent of capital; 45 per cent on over 25 per cent and under 33 per cent of capital, and a maximum of 60 per cent on profits in excess of 33 per cent of such capital.

The senate 1 cent stamp tax on bank checks was not restored, but its tax of 1 cent on parcel post packages costing 25 cents or more was retained. Other stamp taxes, all more effective December 1, were retained and the house tax on indemnity bonds restored.

In lieu of the house zone tax on second class publications the conferees included a new zone system effective July 1, 1918, with different rates for reading matter and advertising matter, with special but increased rates for religious, agricultural and other publications. A flat increase on reading matter of 1/4 cent a pound until July 1, 1919, and 1/2 cent thereafter was provided. Advertising matter exceeding 4 per cent of the total space would be taxed from 1/4 to 2 1/4 cents additional until July 1, 1919, and from 1/2 cent to 4 1/2 cents more until July 1, 1920, and from 3/4 cents to 6 1/2 cents to 1921, and from 1 cent to 9 cents thereafter.

The 1 cent tax on letters, excepting drop letters and postal cards, was restored by the conferees.

The tax on liquor and beer is slightly higher than it was as passed by the senate. A slight increase is made on the tax on wines, while that upon beverages other than beer and wines is a compromise between the senate and house bills. The conferees made a slight increase in the senate rate on tobacco, snuff and cigarettes.

BODY FOUND IN BARREL

Boys Make Ghoulish Discovery Floating Down Allegheny River.

A shoe protruding from a barrel floating down the Allegheny river near Sharpsburg, attracted the attention of four boys, who were playing along the river bank. Investigation disclosed the body of a foreigner about fifty years old, with a rope tied tightly around his neck.

Circumstances of the indicated murder, a motive for the crime and the identity of the murderers and their victims are a mystery.

Deputy Coroner Dempsey said that the body had been forced into the barrel head first. Examination showed that the murderers had broken their victim's left leg, near the ankle, to crowd the body in the barrel. Bruises on the right leg and the imprint of the heel of a shoe on the trousers, according to the deputy coroner, indicated that the murderers, after forcing the body into the barrel, evidently had pressed a foot on the leg to push it further into the barrel.

I. W. W. LEADER WHOSE OFFICE WAS RAIDED



WILLIAM D. HAYWOOD

William D. Haywood, executive secretary of the I. W. W., whose offices and home in Chicago were raided by the federal agents in the general roundup of the organization. Haywood is among the number arrested.

COAL PROFITS FIXED BY FUEL DICTATOR

Thirty Per Cent Over Retail Margin of 1915 Is Allowed Dealers.

Fuel Administrator Garfield announced regulations, effective Monday morning, for the limitation of the retail prices of bituminous and anthracite coal throughout the country.

The fuel administrator has fixed, not the specific price which the retail dealer will be allowed to charge the consumer, but the gross margin which the retail dealers will be allowed to add to the average wholesale cost of his coal in making retail prices.

The retail dealer will be allowed to sell coal to the consumer at a price representing an advance of not more than 30 per cent over the retail gross margin of 1915. In no case, however, is the gross margin from now on to exceed the gross margin of July, 1917.

If, for example, a retail coal dealer bought a particular kind of coal in 1915 at an average of \$2 a ton and sold it to the consumer at \$3 a ton, his gross margin was \$1. Dr. Garfield now allows him to add 30 per cent to this amount, making his gross margin for 1917, \$1.30, provided that is not in excess of his gross margin in July last. If the retail dealer now pays an average of \$3 for the same kind of coal he will be allowed to sell it to the consumer for not more than \$4.30 a ton.

Although there manifestly is room for deception by coal dealers in regard to their gross margin of 1915, Dr. Garfield believes the price limitation can be enforced by investigation of the books of dealers on local complaint of extortion and withdrawal of the government license of any offending dealer. It also is held by some government officials that an offending dealer could be sent to the penitentiary.

HEFLIN AND NORTON ENGAGE IN FIGHT

House Floor Is Scene of Fisticuffs. Charges Made by Southern or Causes High Feeling.

Representative James T. Hefflin, Democrat, of Alabama, has withdrawn his charges against the integrity of certain congressmen.

Chairman Pou, of the house rules committee, so declared, announcing the decision of his committee in rejecting Hefflin's demand for an investigation of the "slush fund" of Count von Bernstorff.

Bitterness over the Hefflin insinuations of disloyalty in the house reached a climax when Hefflin and Representative P. P. Norton, Republican, of North Dakota, engaged in a personal encounter.

Norton asked permission to discuss the house rules committee's decision not to press an investigation of Hefflin's charges when the Alabamian objected. Immediately Norton strode over to the latter's seat, seized him by the shoulders and shook him.

Other members of the house and the sergeant-at-arms rushed to the scene and the two struggling members were separated. Hefflin returned to the Democratic smoking room. Norton hastily left the floor.

LIBERTY BONDS ON SALE

Campaign Started Monday For Five Billions of Dollars.

The second campaign to sell Liberty bonds was begun on Monday.

On Saturday the treasury department announced the apportionment of the issue. These apportionments indicate only what each district is expected to do and may be entirely upset, as in the case of the first Liberty loan, by the actual subscriptions. In making the apportionments officials used two bases of subscriptions, the minimum of \$3,000,000,000 and an "expected amount" of \$5,000,000,000.

Apparently in offering the second issue officials hope to realize a \$5,000,000,000 response.

W. E. SLAUGENHOUP

Bedford's Best Store

Join the Crowds who everyday visit the **BIG STORE** and enjoy the advantageous savings every Department is offering In our Ready-to-wear Department--The smartest styled Garments are to be had at special savings

Coats, Suits, Dresses, and Waists

Of the newest and most called for fabrics designed to the latest fashions. Our opening days proved that our prices are most reasonable. We list a few of the many items below for your consideration.

Silks and Dress Goods

Plain Taffeta Silks at

\$1.50 to \$2.00 yd.

Fancy Silks \$1.75 to

\$2.25 yd.

36 inches all wool Sergess

all popular shades 75c yd

44 in. all wool Serge

\$1.25 a yard

Silk Poplin 36 in. and 44

inches wide \$1.25 and

\$1.75 per yard

Now showing latest no-

velties in dress goods

Collars, Boudoir Caps

Purses, Pins, Etc.

Shoes

Mens' dress shoes at

\$2.50 to \$7.00

Mens' work shoes at 2.00

to 6.00

Mens' work shoes at 2.50

to 6.00

Ladies' dress shoes at

2.50 to 6.00

Children's dress shoes

1.10 to 2.00

Misses' shoes at 1.00

to 2.00

Boy's shoes 2.00 to 3.50

We guarantee you a gen-

uine price saving on

shoes. You will find our

prices on good depend-

able shoes the lowest in

town.

We are Headquarters for

Children's school shoes.

Ladies', Misses' and Child- rens' Ready-to-Wear.

Ladies' and Misses' Taffeta silk

Dresses. The season new shades

at \$16.50 to \$25.00

Messaline Dresses \$20.00

\$22.50 and \$25.00

Pretty Serge Dresses \$12.50

\$13.50 \$16.20 and \$18.50

Peter Tompson Dresses made

of all wool Serges Special \$10

Ladies and Misses Serge Suits

Right up to the minute in style

and workmanship and the price

range complete \$15.00 up to

\$30.00

Wool poplin Suits

This Material is very popular

this season at \$22.50

Coats \$25.00 and \$27.00

Plush coats will be worn more

this year than ever before on

account of the scarcity of wool

cloth, a complete stock now

ready to select from at \$25.00

up to \$42.00

Grocery Specials

Stollwerck Cocoa 25¢

Cream of wheat (Loose) 10¢

Puffed Rice 13¢ package

Fancy Head Rice 9¢

Parity Oats 10¢

Chase and Sanburn's Crusade coffee

26¢ lb.

Chase and Sanburn's Good value

21c lb

Toilet Paper 6 for 25c

Pan Cake Flour 14c package

Cream Corn Starch 3 for 25c

Lenox Soap 5c Cake

75c Brooms 65c

W. E. SLAUGENHOUP

Department Store

Wanted, For Sale, For Rent, Etc.,

RATES—One cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents.

If you have a Kodak Film you want enlarged, send it to Moll, Bedford, Pa.

For Picture Frames, Oval and Square. Oval and Convexed Glass. Moll's, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale—A fine Brick House and lot in the Borough of Mann's Choice, Pa. Call on or address, H. W. Holler, Mann's Choice, Pa.

For Sale—Clean whisky barrels for cider. Apply to Charles Yont, Grand Central Hotel, Bedford, Sept. 7, tf.

Wanted—Good girl for general housework, must be able to cook, reference required, wages \$8.00 per week. Apply Mrs. Geo. O. Suppes, 90 Valley Pike, Johnstown, Pa. Sept. 14, 3 ti*

For Sale—Choice White Leghorn hens, \$10 per dozen. Joseph J. Barclay, Bedford, Pa. Aug 24, tf.

LOST—Physician satchel between Cumberland Valley, P. O. and Bedford. If returned to me by Parcel Post or otherwise will send reward. Dr. J. Jones Wilson, 26 Union Street, Cumberland, Md. Sept. 28, 3t.

Men Wanted—Laborers, Carpenter Helpers, Mechanic Helpers, Firemen, Trackmen, Stock Unloaders, Coke Oven Men and other help. Good wages at steady employment. Apply to Colonial Iron Co., Riddlesburg, Pa. April 28, tf.

NOTICE No trespassing or hunting on my premises. Daniel Fetter, Bedford, Pa., Rt. 2. Sept. 28, 3ti*

NOTICE No trespassing or hunting on my premises. Samuel Hoagland, Bedford, Pa., Rt. 2. Sept. 28, 3ti*

Wanted—Two good farm hands, all year work, good wages, apply Geo. O. Suppes, 90 Valley Pike, Johnstown, Pa. Sept. 14, 6 ti*

I have a few sets of Enamelled Iron Bath Room fixtures, which I will sell while they last at \$58.00. They are first quality made and guaranteed by the Standard Sanitary Mfg. Co. Call and see the samples in my show window. Harry Stern, Bedford, Pa. June 15.

WANTED Railroad Brakemen to work at Keyser, W. Va., for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. Can earn from \$80.00 to \$100.00 per month. Age limit 18 to 35 years. Previous experience not necessary. Apply to E. P. Welshonice, Trainmaster, Keyser, W. Va. Sept. 28, 3t.

St. John's Reformed Church Rev. J. Albert Elyer, Pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Divine worship 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening subject: "Sowing in Tears" A message of comfort for these trying times. You are cordially invited.

SECOND LIBERTY LOAN

The more readily we as individuals invest in the new Liberty Bonds the less delay there will be in our war preparations the fewer lives will be lost.

We Handle Your Subscription Free. The Bonds Pay 4 per cent. Act to-day.

Hartley Banking Co.

BEDFORD, PA.